

# SOUTHERN TEXTILE BULLETIN

VOLUME XXI.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., THURSDAY, APRIL 14, 1921

NUMBER 7.

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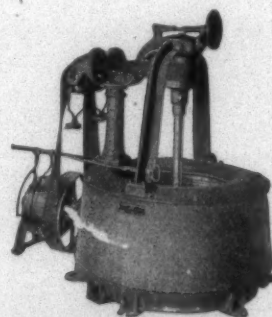
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*From The Editorial Page Of "Power" January 18, 1921*

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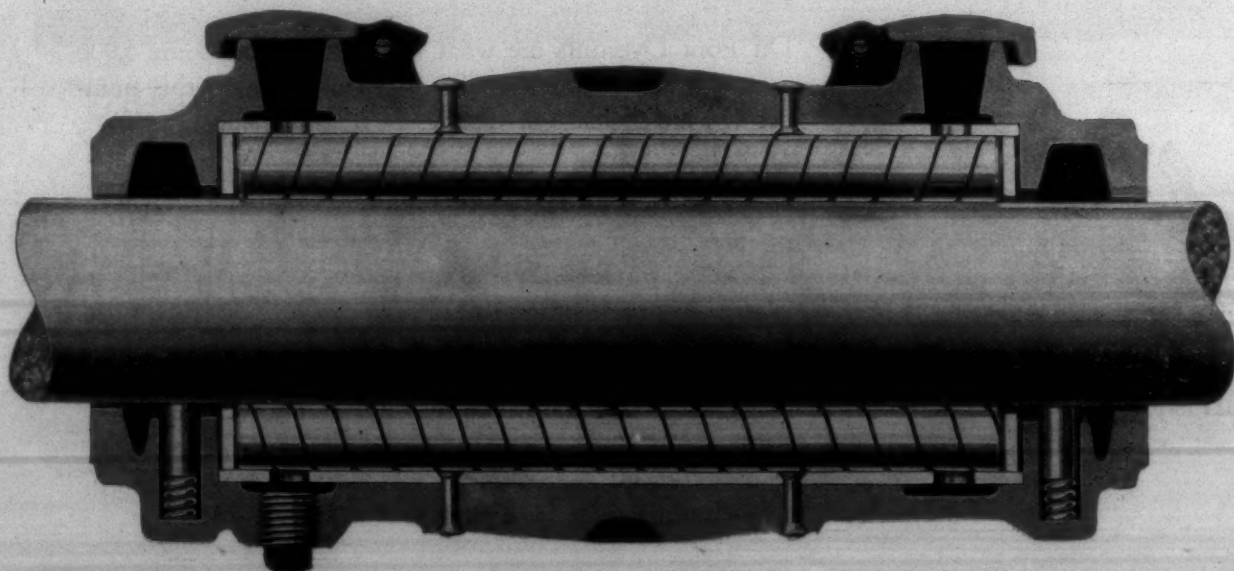
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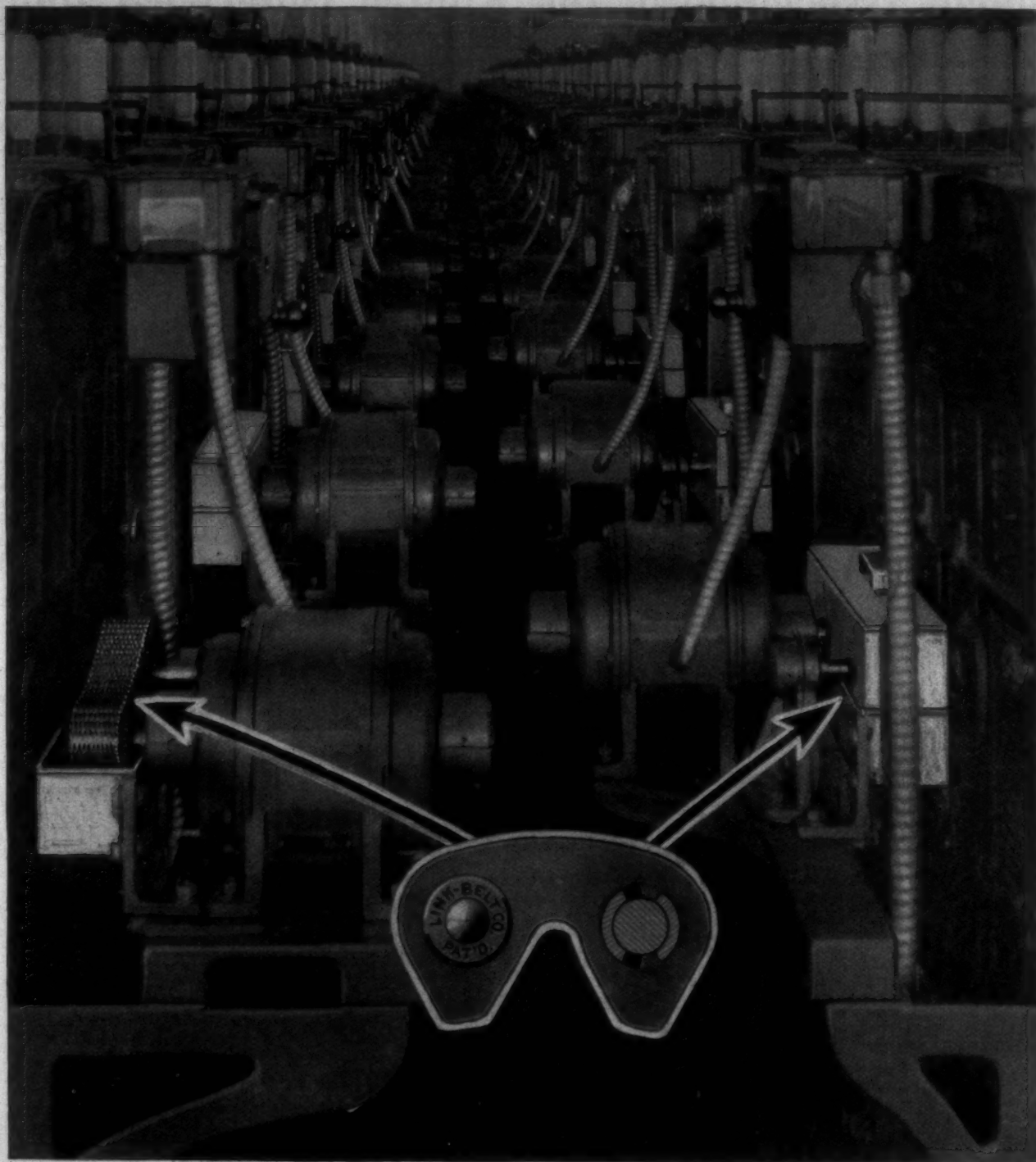
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CHARLOTTE, N. C., THURSDAY, APRIL 14, 1921

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## World's Capacity for Cotton Goods

J. W. McConnel, chairman of the Fine Cotton Spinners and Doublers' Association, delivered an address recently in England before the Colonial Institute on cotton growing in the British Empire which was announced and most exhaustive analysis of conditions prevailing in cotton and cotton goods. Subsequently, he amplified his views in an article written for the commercial supplement of the Manchester "Guardian," appearing under date of March 24. The essential facts and conclusions developed are very striking, not the least important being the threat to English export trade contained in the abnormally high costs of yarn production since the war and the question that has arisen as to the cessation of demand recently and the consequently reduced consumption. Among other things, the article says:

It was generally admitted before the war that the consumption of cotton was increasing more rapidly than the supply, and different people put forward different arguments to prove this. It will, I think, be admitted that if the price of any article in common use is over a period of years regularly rising relatively to what is known as the index price of all commodities, this gives a strong indication that the supply of that particular article is less than what is wanted in the world. Now this is exactly what happened with cotton. The principal cotton commercially used in the world has for many years been grown in the United States. The figures of this American crop have been accurately recorded almost from the beginning, but in the years 1862 to 1865 the American Civil War interrupted the growing of cotton.

The disturbance caused by that convulsion had apparently passed away in 1875, and starting from that point I made a careful comparison between the rate of increase in the crop and the average price paid for it, or rather between the crop and the ratio which the price of cotton bore to the index price of the day. I took five year periods so as to exclude the great temporary variations caused by specially large or specially small crops. The result of my examination was to show that for ten years—that is, from average 1877 until average 1887—all prices were falling but cotton fell less than the index number; that is to say,

that cotton was rising relatively to other things. The crop was at that time increasing at the rate of  $3\frac{1}{2}$  per cent per annum, but the strength of cotton prices may have been still under the influence of the shortage resulting from the war.

In the next ten years—that is, average 1897—all prices were falling, but the production of cotton increased at the great rate of  $4\frac{1}{2}$  per cent per annum, and cotton prices fell 25 per cent more than the index number. Inevitably the increase in cotton production was discouraged; in fact, the price became too low to supply the growers with food, and for five years there was hardly any increase at all in the crop.

Now comes the interesting comparison. From that time (average 1897) until 1914 (that is, average 1912), while all prices were rising again, cotton rose more than the index number by 40 per cent—that is to say, nearly half as fast again as the rest. I submit that the conclusion is inevitable. The average increase in the growth of cotton was not sufficient to meet the increasing needs of the world. And yet the crop in America did actually show during this period a really considerable increase. For the five years 1895 to 1899 it averaged 10,000,000 bales. Then for five years it hardly increased at all—only, in fact, by 240,000 bales—but for the five years 1910 to 1914—that is, ten years later—it averaged 12,500,000 bales, or more by about one-third. This meant an average annual increase at the rate of about 2% per cent. Apparently this was not sufficient to keep prices of cotton on a level with the general prices of commodities.

The quantities of cotton produced in all other countries were also increasing during this period. The final conclusion that I had come to in 1914 was that the world did certainly require a great annual increase in the supply of cotton. The world's population was increasing, and, besides this, millions of the backward races were only just beginning to be clothed, and, besides this again, cotton was continually intruding itself into new utilities.

My figures showed that when the increase in crop was on an average less than 3 or  $3\frac{1}{2}$  per cent per annum prices tended to rise. From this I came to the startling conclusion that the world was capable of absorbing in manufactured goods at

least 700,000 bales more in each year than it consumed in the year before.

The question that has now to be considered is how far the war has altered the essential elements of the situation. There is the obvious fact that during the war there has been an enormous curtailment of the growth and manufacture of cotton. In place of crops of about 15,000,000 bales of American, 1,500,000 bales (500 pounds) of Egyptian, 4,000,000 bales (500 pounds) of Indian cotton, or over 21,000,000 bales altogether (including Mexico and South America, but omitting Russia and China), there has only been produced in the six years 1914-15 to 1919-20 about 109,000,000 bales of 500 pounds, or an average of a little over 18,000,000 per annum. Thus the shortage of the manufacture of cotton goods must have run into very large figures, figures of the nature of 20,000,000 bales of cotton.

Now I do not suggest for a moment that this is a shortage which can in any way be made up by extra production now. People do not want six shirts now because they have been without a shirt for six years. But I do think it means that the world is really very bare of cotton goods, and that the little boom of last year cannot have in any way met the real necessities.

In the second place, cotton is still essentially the cheapest textile.

Thirdly, it will be well to try and estimate how far the present consumption of cotton is likely to have been decreased by the improvement of the world.

Mr. McConnel went on to examine the distribution of British made cotton goods and the consumption of cotton by different countries to see to what extent present and future consumption of goods is likely to be lessened by war impoverishment. On the question of reduced crops he says: It has to be remembered that America, Egypt and India are no longer producing 20,000,000 bales of cotton. The latest estimate I have seen for the present year does not put this figure higher than 17,000,000 bales. The present prospects for the next crop indicate that this quantity will be very largely reduced. There can, I think, be no doubt that the fall of cotton prices in America and Egypt to a pre-war basis, occurring as it does just when the new crop ought to be in process

of being planted, will enormously reduce the acreage of the next crop.

In a very few weeks from now it will be impossible to increase the crops of the world until another season gives a fresh opportunity.

I feel reasonably safe in saying that in the climatic conditions under which 15,000,000 or 16,000,000 bales used to be grown it will not now be possible to grow more than 12,000,000 or 13,000,000 in America. Egypt in the same way is affected by the pink worm and also by some other cause, and between the two the crop per acre is less by at least one-fourth than it was a few years ago.

I feel convinced that whatever real setback there may be to the power of the world to buy cotton goods there is at least an equal setback to the production of cotton, and moreover, it seems to me nearly certain that the need of the world for cotton goods will in the near future grow much more rapidly than it will be possible to increase the growing of cotton. Restoration of confidence, harvesting of all crops, mining enterprise, new developments of every kind all unite to increase the demand for cotton. Increase in the supply of cotton depends solely and entirely on finding fresh cotton fields and improving its output. It is really a match between progress of all kinds and one single vegetable.

I said, however, at the beginning that there were some new features which would to some extent qualify the certainty with which I should otherwise write. First, there is this long-continued period of no demand, together with the greatly reduced consumption of cotton. Four or five months of the natural consuming period for the current crops have now gone by without consuming their proper quota. Recovery has hardly, or not at all, begun, and, in any case, the time lost cannot in the nature of things be recovered. It certainly seems inevitable that some portion of this year's crops should be carried over to supply the deficiencies of next year. In this connection the new breach with Germany, however necessary it may have been, undoubtedly increases the difficulty. So also the apparently wanton injury to Lancashire in the raising of the Indian duties, whatever its ultimate effect may be, must inevitably interrupt the recovery.

(Continued on Page 29.)



# Inactive Cotton Spindles January 31.

The International Federation of Master Cotton Spinners and Manufacturers' Associations has issued tables and a report by the secretary, Arno S. Pearse, showing the consumption of cotton in the half-year ended January last, the stocks in spinners' hands on February 1, and the extent to which the cotton mills of the world have been on short time.

Since the armistice (the secretary says) this is the first time that Austria and Russia have participated in the census. The only country of note which has not reported in time is China; otherwise the tables include the whole world. All the figures have been arrived at from individual returns received from the mills in the various countries; in some few cases the total number of spinning spindles existing in the country had to be estimated. No estimate is made of the consumption or of stocks of those spindles for which no returns have been received. Special attention is directed to the introduction of the six months' consumption figures given in the first table. Until last year the consumption figures were collected only once a year, at the end of July, but it has been deemed desirable by the committee to issue the consumption figures twice a year, the same as the mill stocks. Therefore, in comparing the present consumption figures with those of the previous tables it must be borne in mind that the new figures relate to six months, while the previous figures cover 12 months.

The spindles mentioned in the tables are raw cotton consuming spindles; they do not include waste or doubling spindles.

In view of the present crisis in the cotton industry throughout the world questions were introduced in the inquiry forms as to the number of spindles stopped and the hours during which they were idle. These points have been answered satisfactorily by most countries, and the secretary is able to present the true average figures, obtained after careful calculation of the individual indications:

Total world spindles.....	151,658,854
Total active spindles....	129,462,390
World's cotton consumption (six months), bales	7,740,446
Spinners' stocks, January 31 .....	3,614,122

Out of the 56,351,570 spinning spindles in England, returns from 51,382,892 spindles have been received. Of these 40,337,522 spindles have reported short time to the extent of 369.33 hours. This stoppage, calculated on the 51,382,892 reporting spindles, is equal to 289.94 hours; in other words, the figures indicate

that during the last half year practically the entire industry has been suspended for over six weeks of forty-eight hours. It is important to bear in mind that more than 2,000,000 spindles have gone out of existence during the last half year.

The French federation states that a very careful calculation shows that the total number of spinning spindles in France is 9,600,000, and that in this figure are included 1,375,000 spindles completely stopped owing to the ravages of the war. It appears that 2,060,422 spindles have stopped, on an average, about 409.87 hours during the half year. This stoppage, calculated on the total "workable" spindles of the country from which returns have been received (5,555,979), would indicate a suspension of 2.3 weeks of forty-eight hours. The new spindles (648,534) shown as being in course of construction are to replace spindles damaged during the war.

In Germany there exist 9,400,000 spindles; 9,150,541 spindles have made returns, of which 2,750,000 were stopped during the half year. This is equal to the suspension of the entire industry during 7.5 weeks of forty-eight hours in the half year. Russia is now only the fourth largest cotton spinning country of Europe, possessing altogether 7,100,000 spindles. Of these only 750,000 were working on January 31, 1921, i. e., 6,350,000 spindles were stopped during the six months.

Out of the 4,506,294 spindles existing in Italy 4,141,046 have made returns, of which 536,124 spindles report 364.1 hours' short time, which would be equivalent to a stoppage of the 4,141,046 spindles of one week during the period of twenty-six weeks.

In Czecho-Slovakia there are 3,583,756 spindles; 3,082,348 have replied. Of these, 1,795,513 were working on an average short time to the extent of 18.5 weeks of forty-eight hours. It is estimated by the national associations that in the whole country on an average 2,136,155 spindles have stopped 1,072.5 hours, say 22.4 weeks. The stoppage, spread over the whole of the spindles, equals 13.3 weeks out of the twenty-six weeks.

Spain: 1,805,785 spindles, of which 355,402 have been stopped during twenty-four weeks of forty-eight hours. Calculating this short time over the whole industry we get a stoppage of 4.7 hours out of the twenty-six weeks.

Belgium possesses 1,591,121 spindles; 1,420,839 have made returns; 170,282 were completely stopped during the half year, and the returns show that the remaining spindles worked during the six months

355.75 hours' short time, which is equal to a suspension of the whole industry of seven and one-half weeks of forty-eight hours.

Switzerland: 1,530,790 spindles; returns amounting to 1,512,646 spindles show that the short time equals a suspension of the whole industry during 1.39 weeks of forty-eight hours during the half year.

Poland's spindles calculated 1,178,953, but owing to the difficulty of communication, returns only from 201,650 spindles. Of these 109,626 spindles were on short time during 945.3 hours, this being equivalent to a suspension during more than ten weeks out of the twenty-six weeks on the spindles from which returns have been received.

Austria has 1,140,000 spindles, of which 711,356 have replied. Short time has been worked amounting to 10.89 weeks of forty-eight hours for those spindles which have made returns.

Sweden: Total spindles, 659,030, returns received from 491,186. Of these 319,517 were on short time during 327.9 hours, which is equivalent to a suspension of the entire industry of 4.43 weeks of forty-eight

hours on the spindles from which returns have been received.

Holland: None of the returns indicate short time working.

India: No short time, or very little.

Japan: Average of idle spinners, 674,582 and 523,886 have worked short time, twenty hours per week.

United States: Exact figures are not available. The fall in the consumption of cotton, however—equal to 570,000 bales in the half-year—affords an indication of the enormous suspension of work. At the end of December, 1920, 6,000,000 spindles were idle. At the end of January this total was reduced to 4,541,979.

Canada: Returns from 975,482 spindles. Of these 210,329 were on short time for 141.7 hours. These figures indicate a suspension of the industry for 36.8 hours during the half-year.

Mexico and Brazil: About 720,000 spindles in Mexico; returns from 208,148 indicating 21,374 stopped on January 15. About 1,500,000 spindles in Brazil; returns from 215,140; stoppage estimated at 46.3 hours in the half-year.

## Thousands Will Attend Exhibition

An attendance of more than 40,000 persons at the convention and knitting arts exhibition of the National Association of Hosiery and Underwear Manufacturers is foreshadowed in reports from the approximately 200 exhibitors and the requests for admission tickets and association badges, worn by visiting knitting manufacturers while in the exhibition hall and one of the means for promoting acquaintanceship. The exhibition will be held in the Exposition Hall of the Philadelphia Commercial Museum, from May 2d to 6th inclusive. The number of exhibitors, as shown by the contracts for space, will exceed that of any of the previous sixteen exhibitions, all of which were held in Philadelphia, and necessarily the area of floor space to be occupied will be greater than was used in any of the exhibitions of the past—about 60,000 square feet.

The exhibits, in the main, will comprise practically every type of knitting machine and knitting mill device; dyes and chemicals used in the textile trades, cotton and woolen yarns and silk; lubricating and mill oils and cleansing and softening compounds which are indispensable in the finishing of textiles—in fact everything required in the modern knitting mill. Some of the more ponderous machinery, such as drying and dyeing outfits, will be shown, and in general there will be a prac-

tical demonstration of the art of machine knitting and finishing. There will be shown in actual use the modern type of metal hosiery forms, by means of which the process of "boarding" hosiery is performed at lessened cost, the substitution of the metal for the primitive wooden forms enabling women and girls to do the work which formerly was exclusively a man's job.

A considerable part of the exhibition space will be occupied by manufacturers of dyes and textile chemicals. Colors and shades formerly imported but now established as American products, will be shown in their practical application to textiles, and several of the dyestuff booths will be set up at heavy expense, contributing to the ornamental features of the exhibition hall.

These annual exhibitions as originally planned were intended to be in the interests of the knitting industry exclusively. In recent years they attained a wider scope, and this year, as in the last two years, the exhibits will include office devices, several items in household needs and a variety of products which it is the purpose to demonstrate for the thousands of visitors, whether they be manufacturers or patrons of the knitting mill. Several manufacturers and commission houses will present displays of hosiery, underwear and other knitted goods, displays of this character being an innovation of

# DOBBINS SOAP MFG. CO.

PHILADELPHIA

For Over Half a Century Makers of High Grade Soaps and Scouring Materials for Textile Manufacturers. Dobbin's Cotton Softener a Specialty



a year or two ago and possessing an interest for knit goods jobbers and haberdashers.

A Boothby restaurant, under Boothby management, will be maintained in a section of the exhibition hall for the period of the show, and the exhibition management has provided for a free autobus service between the exhibition hall and Thirty-fourth and Walnut streets.

The sessions of the Association's annual convention will be held on Tuesday and Thursday forenoons, May 3d and 5th, in the convention room of the big exposition building. The delegates will be welcomed at the Tuesday morning session by City Statistician Edward James Catell, who is the only honorary member of the association, and will speak on the behalf of the city of Philadelphia. The speakers on Tuesday will include Paul H. Nystrom, director of the Retail Research Association, New York, and Joseph P. Voorhees, also of New York. The "Open Price Plan" and "Trade Organizations" are subjects on which there will be addresses on Thursday by Roy A. Cheney, of the Knit Goods Manufacturers of America, Utica, N. Y., and Frank H. Burgher, Bliss, Fabyan & Co, New York, respectively.

The association's annual banquet has been staged for Thursday evening, May 5, at the Bellevue Stratford.

The Hosiery and Underwear Manufacturers Association in whose membership are comprised manufacturers whose lines are not indicated in the title of the organization, probably is the only national body of

manufacturers meeting each year in Philadelphia and providing an annual exhibition. The membership ramifies every state in which knitting as an industry has been established and practically every section of the country will be strongly represented at the convention and exhibition.

The exhibitors will come from sixteen of the states, constituting probably the largest and most representative body of manufacturers ever assembled in connection with any given diversion of the textile or other industry, and it seldom happens that so many correlated interests are represented in a meeting of a trade organization.

#### Dye Men Well Satisfied With Result of Hoover Conference.

Washington, April 8.—Representatives of the dye manufacturing industry today met with the secretary of commerce in the second preliminary conference for the purpose of bringing about closer co-operation between the Department of Commerce and business interests.

No announcements regarding the nature of the meeting or of the subjects taken up would be discussed by the dye representatives following the conference, other than that it was purely preliminary, in line with Mr. Hoover's announced policy of conferring with representatives of the leading industries of the country, for the purpose of co-operation through small trade committees.

Those present at today's confer-

ence were: Robert F. Baldwin, R. D. Gettcott, Dr. J. M. Matthews, J. A. Blackie, R. Poucher, Dr. Iserman, Mr. Smith and A. W. Shaw, who has been aiding the secretary of commerce in efforts toward co-operation.

Although the secretary could not be reached following the conference, it is understood that he favors some means of protecting the infant dye industries from foreign competition, as well as government aid in expanding the foreign business of the industry. It is understood that Mr. Hoover favors the organization of dye manufacturers under the Webb-Pomerene export act, permitting combinations for export trade.

Following the conference Mr. Shaw left for Boston where, it is understood, he will take Mr. Hoover's plans for co-operation direct to the business interests.

Today's conference will be followed by others, although no specific dates have been set. The formation of an advisory committee for the dyeing industry is not completed, and it is thought that today's conference was an effort to reach an agreement on such a committee.

Dye manufacturers, following the conference, stated that the meeting was thoroughly satisfactory and that they were well pleased with Mr. Hoover's intentions to aid and co-operate with business in every way. Future conferences, they state, are entirely in the hands of the secretary and they are ready to come whenever called upon.—Daily News-Record.

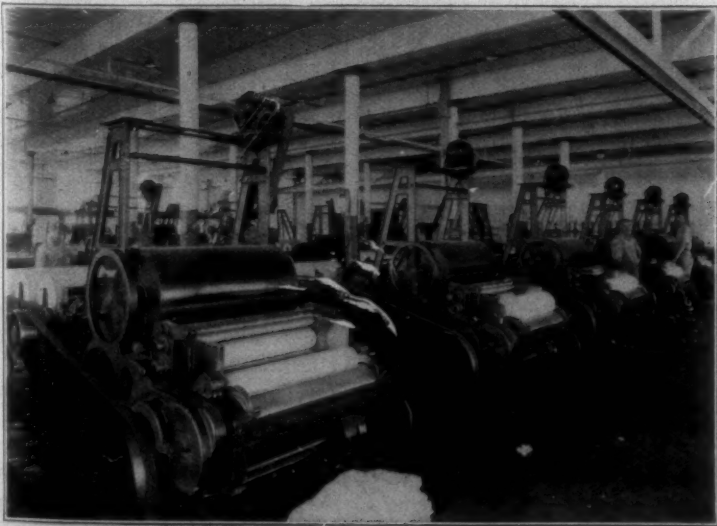
#### Cotton Manufacturing in China.

(By Commercial Attache Juleon Arnold.)

During the year 1921 it is estimated that China's cotton spindles will have increased to 2,225,000. The cotton spinning and weaving industry is for the most part centered about Shanghai, but it is also developing in a substantial way in Hankow and Tientsin. Mills last year earned dividends as high as 100 per cent. One of the prominent Chinese mills has averaged nearly 30 per cent in dividends for the past 10 years, and one of the largest mills, British owned and operated, shows an average of 26.5 per cent dividends over a period of 12 years.

As for cotton growing, it is estimated that the country now produces under normal conditions about 6,000,000 bales (of 500 pounds each) a year. The 1920 production was probably 50 per cent normal. China is improving its cotton not only in quality but also adding very materially to the quantity produced. They are greatly interested now in the improvement of the native cotton which is so different from foreign cottons that it will not hybridize, forming practically a distinct species. Thus, while there is considerable interest in the development of American cotton in China, there is a movement on foot to improve the native cottons by the methods of selection. This latter idea was emphasized by Mr. Cook, American cotton expert, on his recent visit to China.

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application in the  
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**Cotton Trade of the Netherlands.**

(Consul General George E. Anderson, Rotterdam.)

The course of cotton imports into the Netherlands in 1920 was very irregular, though the import quantity was larger than that of the year before, both as a result of improved conditions in the trade generally and improved facilities for handling cotton in transit to the Central Powers. Trade into the interior of Europe depended largely upon the exchange value of the German mark and Austrian crown, as well as on prices abroad, but in the actual proportion of cotton for the interior, passing through the Netherlands, there was the added factor of variable inland freight and similar changes in which the low value of the German mark had a very marked influence in shaping the routing of imports.

The import figures for 1920 do not include the transit trade which in most staple articles represents about 25 per cent of the whole. In the case of cotton coming into Rotterdam, however, much of the transit cargo is landed here and becomes a part of the Netherlands stock. The figures of the statistics bureau of the Government covering imports for the past two years are as follows, in bales of 500 pounds each:

Origin.	1919 Bales.	1920 Bales.
United States .....	92,576	93,760
India .....	8,637	18,946
Egypt .....	97	38,852
Dutch East Indies..	5,425	2,037
All other countries.	1,540	3,300
Cotton waste and		

linters .....	51,652	46,165
Total .....	159,927	203,060

The returns made by the Rotterdam Cotton Exchange cover only eight months of the year, i. e., May to December. Imports for that period amounted to 90,009 bales, not including waste and lint, of which 73,161 bales were American cotton, 12,579 from India, 608 Egyptian, and 3,661 from all other countries. Imports for the year through Rotterdam at this rate were something like 135,000 bales. Of these imports 55,783 bales were delivered to the cotton mills in Twente—the Dutch cotton mill district—in the eight months mentioned. Germany took 37.5 per cent of the whole, France 2.5 per cent, and Belgium and other countries about 1 per cent.

There have been several serious drawbacks to the import of cotton through Rotterdam during the past year. The transshipment and handling charges in Rotterdam are high, more especially so when compared with the handling charges in German ports where labor cost is based upon the low mark. Railway charges in the Netherlands also are high compared with similar charges in Germany. The result is that not only has considerable cotton for Germany been going by way of German ports, which otherwise would have entered by way of Rotterdam, but also considerable cotton for north Holland has entered the same way, since it was cheaper to pay German than to pay Dutch railway freights. An effort has been made by cotton importing interests in the Netherlands

to secure lower railway rates in this country to meet this competition, but so far results have not been very material.

The great drop in the price of cotton the world over during the year found many importers and some manufacturers with considerable stocks on hand and resulted in serious losses and in financial embarrassment for some. During the year a new warehouse, capable of handling about 25,000 bales of cotton, was opened; and during the current year another warehouse, capable of taking care of 30,000 bales, will be opened. The port is now prepared in every way to handle large amounts of cotton under the best of conditions.

Most of the trade in waste cotton and lint during the year was for the account of Germany, but at times considerable such cotton is handled for the Netherlands, and for Belgian mills. The total imports of these grades showed a marked decrease compared with 1919, the Rotterdam exchange handling only 22,000 bales in the eight months compared with 62,000 bales the previous year. Much of the total imports came into Holland through Antwerp. The greater portion went to German mills in the Rhine country and to Saxony.

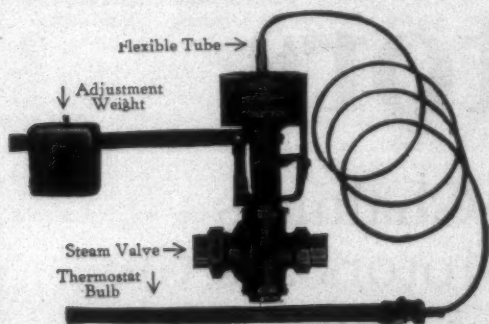
Whenever the price of staple cotton rises above a medium level the demand for waste and lint increases, since much of the trade in Germany can not use goods manufactured from staple cotton at high prices. The demand for waste and lint fell off greatly, toward the close of the year, when the price of

staple cotton fell, but there was a renewal of the demand later. Prospects indicate there will be a good market for waste grades during the coming season, for there is an increasing demand for them in the manufacture of inferior grades of bedclothes and tricot yarns.

The volume of cotton imports financed in the Netherlands is much greater than the figures of imports into or through the country indicate. By reason of financial conditions in Germany it has been convenient, if not absolutely necessary, to finance in Dutch banks a very large proportion of the imports into Germany through German ports. While this trade naturally can not be classified as Dutch trade, at the same time it means a very material profit for Dutch banks and has an important bearing at times on exchange conditions.

#### President Harding's Responsibility and Opportunity.

Here is a country of 105,000,000 people, virile, active, boundless in their energy, with resources greater than known elsewhere on earth, with coal and iron and marbles and granites and sulphur and oil and gas, water powers, and timber, and we stand almost idly over these resources because business has been shackled. The spirit of the people has been benumbed by the chilling blasts of deflation of credit. What a superb opportunity awaits a leadership which will quicken the lifeblood of the country. President Harding faces this stupendous opportunity, this unparalleled responsibility.—Manufacturers Record.



**Powers Regulator No. 11**

For Liquid Temperature Control

Especially adapted to control of dye baths, assuring colors without variation or streaks; wool washers, preventing loss from discolored, harsh, or tender wool; also size boxes, preventing broken ends and chafing, by keeping size at even temperature, avoiding boiling over or cooling off; hot water tanks; and practically any process where liquid is to be maintained at an even temperature.

Entirely automatic. Reliable. Accurate. Easily applied; put thermostat bulb in liquid to be controlled and valve in steam supply. Regularly fitted with 6 feet of flexible tubing. Longer tube if ordered.

#### Powers Regulators Save the Product

In scouring, rinsing, and washing, automatic regulation of temperature prevents harsh or tender wool.

In sizing, even weight and strength are assured by automatic control of the size box. The liquid cannot boil over and the expense of broken ends and chafing is greatly reduced.

## Maximum Efficiency in Dyeing Demands Exact Temperature Control

An uncaring temperature in the Dye Bath is of the utmost importance. Variations in temperature result in "seconds," off shades and streaked places, which mean serious loss. Satisfaction can be obtained only by keeping the liquid at the exact and proper temperature.

### The Powers Thermostatic Regulators

automatically controls the temperature of the liquid. It eliminates the possibility of error that is always present with manual control. A simple adjustment sets it for the desired temperature and requires no further attention. The sensitive thermostat regulates the heat to the proper degree.

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SPECIALISTS IN AUTOMATIC HEAT CONTROL

Southern Representatives: "ASKUS"

Ira L. Griffin, Greenville, S. C.  
Guy L. Morrison, Charlotte, N. C.

(1449-B)



## Annual Meeting National Association Next Week

Rufus R. Wilson has sent out the following notice:

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting, No. 110, of the National Association of Cotton Manufacturers, will be held in Boston, Mass., Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, April 20, 21 and 22, 1921.

The headquarters of the Association will be at the Copley Plaza Hotel, where all sessions will be held, as follows:

Wednesday, 7:30 p. m., business session and concert.

Thursday, 9:30 a. m., business session.

Thursday, 2:00 p. m., business session.

Friday, 9:30 a. m., business session.

Friday, 2:00 p. m., business session.

Friday, 7:30 p. m., banquet.

Tickets for the banquet on Friday evening will be five dollars each. Members are respectfully requested to make early reservations with the secretary of the association. The ladies of members are also invited to participate in the banquet.

The Copley Plaza will make special arrangements for the entertainment of members and their guests, and all are requested to file their reservations directly with the hotel management as soon as possible.

The program will follow these lines:

First session, Wednesday evening, 7:30 o'clock:

Report of secretary.

Report of treasurer.

Report of committees.

Address of president.

These will be followed by a one-act sketch, based on Robert Burns' poem, "The Cotter's Saturday Night."

Second session, Thursday, 9:30 a. m.—Group Discussion: "Problems of Employment and Housing." Chairman, W. Frank Shove. Addresses by William R. Bassett, New York; Robert H. Allen, Springfield, Massachusetts. To be followed by a general discussion, opened by George M. Dunlop, of New York, in which those participating will be limited to five-minute talks.

Third session, Thursday, 2 p. m.—Group Discussion under the auspices of the Research committee of the National Association. Addresses by Benjamin C. Brooks, New York; Alfred E. Jury, Newark, New Jersey; Professor George B. Havens, Cambridge, Massachusetts, and Everett H. Hinkley, New York. To be followed by an open forum, in which those participating will be limited to five-minute talks.

Fourth session, Friday, 9:30 a. m.—Presentation of the Association medal. Chairman of the Medal committee, 10 a. m.—Group Discussion: "Production and Sales Problems." Chairman, Charles T. Plunket. Addresses by David R. Coker, Hartsville, South Carolina; Dr. Hollis Godfrey, Philadelphia, and S. H. Ditchett, New York.

Fifth session, Friday, 2 p. m.—Addresses by C. H. Clark, Boston. Professor Thomas Nixon Carver,

Cambridge, Massachusetts, and E. Kent Swift, Whitinsville, Massachusetts.

Sixth session, Friday, 4 p. m.—Final Business Session, to receive reports of Nominations and Resolution committees, and to effect the election of officers and directors for the ensuing year.

Friday, 7:30 p. m.—Association banquet. Russell B. Lowe, toastmaster. Speakers: Honorable Ralph Cameron, United States Senator from Arizona, and James S. Alexander, president of the National Bank of Commerce, New York.

### Committees

The Committee on Arrangements, having general charge of the sessions, consists of James Thomson, chairman; Morgan Butler, vice-chairman; George B. Adams, Frederick H. Andres, J. Arthur Atwood, Jr., Edwin H. Baker, Daniel M. Bates, Colin C. Bell, Sydney Borden, Garrett D. Bowne, Jr., Charles B. Burleigh, Frank L. Carpenter, Charles H. Fish, Arnold C. Gardner, Walter M. Hastings, Frederic W. Howe, Earl S. Jenekes, Frank B. Kenney, Fred Lacey, James Lawrence, Jr., Ralph Lawson, Fred C. McDevitt, Kenneth Moller, Ernest L. Morrill, John Neild, George Nichols, George Francis Payne, John Porteous, Isaac T. Prosser, Raymond A. Rice, W. Randolph Sides, Albert G. Smith, Antonio Spencer, Wallace I. Stimpson and John E. Tobin.

The Resolutions committee consists of John S. Lawrence, chairman; C. F. Broughton, Randall N. Durfee, Charles H. Fish, Frank J. Hac, F. W. Reynolds, W. Frank Shove, John Skinner, John Sullivan, D. L. Taylor, James Thomson, Kenneth F. Wood and Russell B. Lowe (ex-officio).

The Medals committee consists of Frank W. Reynolds, chairman; Benjamin C. Chace, Philip Dana, Randall N. Durfee, Frederick A. Flaher, John S. Lawrence, and F. H. McDevitt.

The Nominations committee consists of W. Frank Shove, chairman; J. Arthur Atwood, Jr., James E. Curn, Peter H. Corr, Ernest H. Hood, Henry G. Lord and John Sullivan.

### Where We Stand in Cotton.

"Cotton is a material which is largely responsible for America's pre-eminence in the production of essential raw materials. We produce between 55 and 60 per cent of the world's total cotton crop. India ranks second as a cotton producer, and Egypt comes third. Although we wear the crown as a producer of cotton, supremacy in manufacture rests with the British. They have about 56,000,000 spindles, while we have something like 34,000,000. The British investment in cotton mills is half again as large as our own, while the value of the cotton products manufactured in Europe totals \$3,000,000,000 as compared with \$1,000,000,000 here in the United States."—Floyd W. Parson in The Saturday Evening Post.



ALEXANDER BROTHERS announce that they have established a branch in GREENSBORO, N. C. The complete Alexander Line is carried in stock and they are equipped to give you quick, efficient service on ALEXANDER Quality products. Your inquiries will be appreciated.

## Alexander Brothers

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Put up with  
Oil Stains—  
**SLO-FLO**  
*The Scientific Lubricant for Textile Machinery*  
Prevents Them

If you are tamely submitting to the loss caused by oil stains it is your own fault. You don't have to use oils that run and drip all over creation. In these days of improved methods there is something better—SLO-FLO, the lubricant that lubricates the bearings and not the goods.

SLO-FLO is a high grade fluid grease of sufficient density to prevent it from "throwing". Don't tolerate oil stains—SLO-FLO positively prevents them.

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Quality Lubricants Since 1853

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SCIENTIFIC LUBRICANTS for SCIENTIFIC LUBRICATION



### Lancaster Club Finds Cost of Living Reduced.

At a meeting of the Lancaster One-Hundred Percent Club Wednesday night, April 6th, the chairman, J. O. Edwards, asked F. Gordon Cobb to make a talk on the High Cost of Living, and during this talk he brought out the following interesting points:

1st. That dollars do not represent wages.

2d. That the purchasing power of a day's work represents wages.

3d. That groceries in Lancaster have gone down more than 50 per cent in the last year.

4th. That the purchasing power of a day's work has gone up instead of down in the past twelve months.

A few of the illustrations that Mr. Cobb gave in connection with his talk will be given here. For the purpose of proving and making clear the first two points, he gave the following example:

We will say that last year there was a farmer living in the backwoods from Lancaster who knew nothing about wages being paid in the mill, nor the price of cloth. But after laying-by his crop he came to the mill and said that he wanted some cloth to make his wife and children some clothes, etc. He had no money, and wanted to work a day and be paid off in cloth.

He was put to work and at that time the job he ran was paying \$4.00 per day. After working the day and on being asked what kind of cloth he wanted, he said, "Some of that 80x80." At that time 80x80 was selling at 34c per yard, so he

was given  $\$4.00 \div 34c = 11\frac{1}{4}$  yards of cloth. He put it under his arm and went on back home.

We will suppose that he should come back today and say, "I am in the same fix I was last year; I want to work a day and be paid off in cloth." He is put to work on the same job as last year. That job is now paying \$2.00 per day, though he doesn't know it.

He wants the same 80x80 this time. It is now quoted at 9c per yard and you can't even sell it for that. He does his day's work and is given his cloth which is  $\$2.00 \div 9c = 22.2$  yards. He is very much surprised at receiving 22 yards of cloth for the same day's work that we only gave him  $11\frac{1}{4}$  yards for last year and says, "Goodness—haven't you raised wages, though. You gave me nearly double the amount of cloth this year that you did last year for the same work."

Has dollars anything to do with that man's wages? Does he even think of that? No; he is thinking of the purchasing power of his day's work.

Mr. Cobb had Carl R. Harris go to all the principal stores in Lancaster and find out the prices they were getting for groceries in July, 1920, which was about the time everything reached its highest peak, and also get prices they are getting in March, 1921. The prices given in the list below prove in themselves that groceries have gone down over 50 per cent:

Prices	Percent
July, 1920.	Mch, 1921. Reduction.
.60 eggs.....	.25 50
.32½ Sugar.....	.11 66

.32½ Meat.....	.15	53
.30 Lard Comp.)	.15	50
.35 Coffee.....	.15	56
.07 Hominy....	.03½	50
.22½ Rice.....	.08 1-3	62
15.00 Flour (bbl.)	10.00	33
.62½ Meal.....	.32½	47
.10 Irish pot. (lb.)	.04	60
.75 Desert p'ches	.35	53
.35 Corn.....	.15	56
.25 Tomatoes..	.15	40
.35 Peas.....	.15	56
1.50 Syrup (Karo, gallon)---	.70	53

Average reduction.....53%

Mr. Harris then went through he mill and village and found out about how much groceries it would take to run the average family of five or six for two weeks. Of course, there was some difference in the amounts received, but in the following illustration as fair an average as could be determined is used.

List of groceries for family of five or six for two weeks, showing comparison of prices July, 1920 and March, 1921:

50 lbs. flour.....	@ \$3.75 = \$3.75	@ \$2.50 = \$2.50
8 dozen eggs.....	@ .60 = 4.80	@ .25 = 2.00
8 lbs. sugar.....	@ .32½ = 2.60	@ .11 = .88
10 lbs. lard.....	@ .30 = 3.00	@ .11 = 1.50
10 lbs. meat.....	@ .32½ = 3.25	@ .15 = 1.50
3 lbs. coffee.....	@ .35 = 1.50	@ .15 = .45
10 lbs. hominy.....	@ .07 = .70	@ .03½ = .35
5 lbs. rice.....	@ .22½ = 1.12	@ .08½ = .41
2 pecks meal.....	@ .65 = 1.30	@ .32½ = .65
2 pecks potatoes.....	@ 1.00 = 2.00	@ .45 = .90
4 cans peas.....	@ .35 = 1.40	@ .15 = .60
4 cans tomatoes.....	@ .25 = 1.00	@ .15 = .60
4 cans corn.....	@ .35 = 1.40	@ .15 = .60
1 gallon syrup (Karo).....	@ 1.50 = 1.50	@ .70 = .70

\$28.87

\$13.64

In July, 1920, we see that the above list of groceries would cost \$28.87.

In March, 1921, we see that the same list of groceries would cost \$13.64.

For a basis to figure on we will use a section man who was getting 57½c per hour in July, 1920. The same man is getting 31½ per hour now.

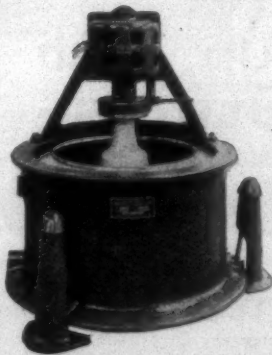
Dividing  $\$28.87 \div 57\frac{1}{2}c = 50.2$ , we see that a section man would have had to work 50.2 hours in July, 1920, to pay for the above bill of groceries.

Now divide  $\$13.64 \div 31\frac{1}{2}c = 43.3$ , we see that he would only have to work 43.3 hours in March, 1921, to pay for the same bill of groceries.

We see that in March, 1921, the same man could work 43.3 hours and pay for the groceries that in July, 1920, he would have had to worked 50.2 hours to pay for. A difference of seven hours so we will state it in this way.

The section man who in July, 1920, worked 50.2 hours at 57½c per hour to pay for a bill of groceries. Can now work 50.02 hours at 31½c

# HYDRO EXTRACTORS



Type B Motor Driven  
Self Balancing

SIZES  
6" to 60"

Southern Representative  
**E. S. PLAYER**  
GREENVILLE, S. C.

## "Hercules"—Electric

Self-Balancing

DIRECT  
FLEXIBLE

DRIVEN

"THE FINEST EXTRACTOR MADE"

Send For Bulletins

Canadian Representatives  
**WHITEHEAD, EMMANS, Ltd.**  
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Only Hercules Extractors  
have Motors mounted on  
Tilting Bracket to Facilitate  
Removing Basket and  
Bearings

Direct Motor  
or  
Belt Drive

Eastern Representative  
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40 S. SEVENTH STREET  
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

**EAST JERSEY PIPE CO.** SUCCESSORS TO **GILLESPIE MOTOR CO.**  
PATERSON, N.J.



per hour and pay for the same list of groceries and have seven (7) hours at 31½¢ or \$2.20 left to be put in his pocket.

Hasn't the purchasing power of this man's work increased? At any rate he can work less hours in March, 1921, and pay for the same amount of groceries that he bought in July, 1920. Or he can take the same hours of work and pay for his groceries and have money left over.

We believe when the mill operatives go over this matter carefully they will find out that the reduction in wages of mill operatives has not affected them near as much as the farmer, the merchant, the man-ness has been affected.

#### "National" Erie Fast Orange A.

This is the latest addition to the series of direct dyes produced by the National Aniline & Chemical Co., Inc., and places in the hands of the dyers a desirable product for both self and compound shades on cotton, producing shades from a bright, fiery orange to a delicate salmon, as well as being useful for other materials.

"National" Erie Fast Orange A is particularly fast to light, washing, and perspiration, besides possessing the excellent qualities of easy solubility and level dyeing, which latter feature will commend its use in machine dyeing, whether in the jig or pad.

It is recommended for the dyeing of mercerized cotton; for covering cotton and artificial silk effects; for general union goods dyeing; for paper staining; for jute, straw and

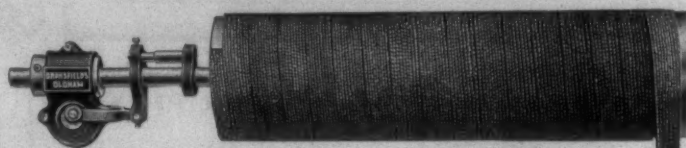
dyeing; and for coloring both chrom and vegetable tanned sheepskins. On both weighted and un-weighted silk, shades are produced that are fast to light and alkalis.

Without doubt, "National" Erie Fast Orange A will occupy a prominent place in the dyehouse on account of its superior qualities and general adaptability.

#### Failures Decreasing Bradstreet Reports.

Although there were 1,506 failures in March, with liabilities of \$68,446,754, a slight increase in number, 5 per cent over the short month of February, the daily average of failures was smaller than in February, January or in December, according to Bradstreet's. The report of R. G. Dun & Co. shows a numerical increase of 39 per cent and one of 49 per cent in liabilities over the figures for the final quarter of 1920 for the first quarter of this year.

"March liabilities," says Bradstreet's report, "also were smaller than in September last year, October, 1907, or July, 1893. The quarter's total of failures, 4,940, has been exceeded three times, in 1924, 1915 and 1916, and the liabilities, \$220,005,774, once, and then in the fourth quarter of 1907. Compared with the first quarter of last year, failures were three times more numerous, but compared with the first three months of 1915 and 1916, the first quarter of this year shows decreases 1908."



### DRONSFIELD'S PATENT "ATLAS BRAND" EMERY FILLETING

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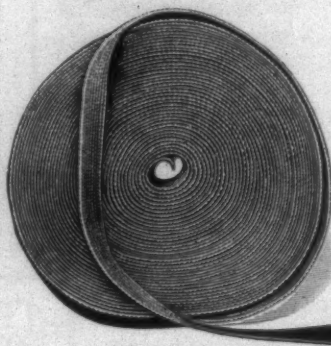
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### Frost Proof Closets

Over 300,000 giving satisfaction. Save Water; Require No Pit; Simple in the extreme. The most durable water closet made. In service winter and summer.

Enameled roll flushing rim bowls.

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Sold by Jobbers Everywhere.

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when you use

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NON-FLUID OIL  
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UNITED STATES PATENT OFFICE  
MODERN TEXTILE LUBRICANTS

NON-FLUID OIL stays in bearings, that's why it lasts longer—it can't drip or spatter! No more oil stains on goods. Use NON-FLUID OIL and you

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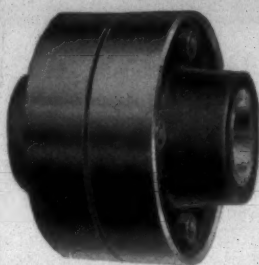
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of Power Transmission Machinery

Being designed for use without keys and thereby eliminating the necessity of keyseating shafting, it is especially convenient in repairing broken shafts. Many *Cotton Mills* carry at least one of each size shaft in stock at all times to meet just such an emergency.

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SPARTANBURG, S. C.

### How a Capillary Oiler Works.

The action of the capillary oiler with hangers and pillow blocks is one of the simplest processes for perfect and dependable lubrication ever known, but when the average millwright or mechanic is asked just how the process works out he is often at a loss to clearly explain just how it occurs.

The Dodge Manufacturing Company of Mishawaka, Indiana, were the first manufacturers and original patentees of the capillary oiler and for the past thirty years have sold hundreds of thousands of these oilers. This organization has worked out one of the clearest explanations of just how they have hooked up one of the primal laws of nature and made it work out a lubrication problem that has enabled industry to secure a dependable and positive lubrication.

The test is fully explained in the first four figures which accompany this article and the test is so simple that it can be carried out by any one interested, with the most simple of apparatus.

Figure 1 shows a tray filled with lubricating oil in which are placed two glass plates, standing parallel, but not touching. As shown, the oil has risen between the plates to a height above the surface of the oil in the tray proportionate to the distance between the plates.



Fig. 1. Photograph illustrating capillary attraction between two glass plates standing parallel in oil. As shown, the oil has risen between the plates to a height above the surface of the oil in the tray proportionate to the distance between the plates.

Figure 2 carries the experiment another step. The same plates as shown in the first illustration are made to touch at their right hand ends only. Note how the oil has risen to the top of plates at the point of contact. These plates are exactly in the same relative position as the surfaces of the Dodge Capillary Bearing.



Fig. 2. Same plates as shown in Fig. 1 made to touch at their right hand ends only. Oil has risen to the tops of plates at point of contact. These plates are in the same relative position as the surfaces of a Dodge Capillary Bearing.

In figure 3, a strip of glass has been laid across the top of the two plates, representing the relative position of the shaft in a bearing lubricated by a capillary oiler. It will be noted that the increased rise of oil partially covers the top plate. Oil evidence the same tendency to cling to the shaft in a bearing.



Fig. 3. To represent the shaft in a capillary bearing, a strip of glass has been laid on top of the two plates. Note the increased rise of oil in its endeavor to cover the top plate. It has the same tendency to cling to the shaft in a bearing.

In figure 4, the plates have been removed from the tray. A spoon supported one-eighth of an inch above the surface of the oil was depressed to touch the oil and was then allowed to spring back to its original position—the oil followed as shown. This is exactly the same action that takes place when the level of the oil gets below the bottom of a Dodge Capillary Bearing.

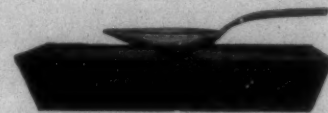


Fig. 4. A spoon supported one-eighth of an inch above the surface of the oil was depressed to touch the oil and was then allowed to spring back to its original position—the oil followed as shown. This same action takes place when the level of the oil gets below the bottom of a Dodge Capillary Bearing.

Figures 5 and 6 are self-explanatory and gives a clear idea of how the Dodge capillary oiler acts on the same principles involved in the first four illustrations.

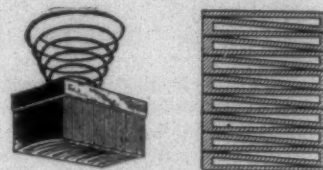


Fig. 5. Complete Dodge Capillary Oiler with brass binding frame and spring to hold it up against the shaft. In drawing to the left is illustrated the top of the wooden block with alternate saw cuts, through which the oil rises to the shaft, just as it does between the glass plates shown in previous illustrations.

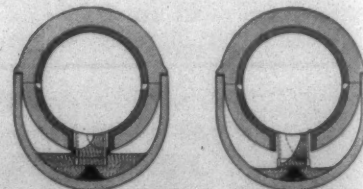


Fig. 6. Illustrating medium and low levels of oil, and cross sectional view of oil formation in half the channels of the wooden oilers, while dotted lines indicate the oil in alternate channels. In one case the oil level is below the bottom of the capillary. The operation of the law, under these circumstances, is shown in the spoon experiment. The oil which rises in these channels is taken neither from the top nor bottom of oil body, but from the intermediate portion under the capillary block. Neither particles of dust which float, nor heavier matter that sinks, is carried up to the shaft. Unlike a mechanical oiler there is no agitation to send foreign matter back to the shafting.

All in all, the capillary oiler has the following advantages: it provides a definite and positive form of dependable lubrication that is bound to work just as long as the law of capillary attraction works; it is a non-agitating oiler and this means that the oil always remains quiet in the reservoir, permitting all sediment to settle, and thus assures a constant flow of clean and pure oil to reach the wearing surface of the shaft. It has the further advantage of not requiring attention any oftener than six months. As the end of this period, all oil should be drained off and the shaft cleaned, and new oil placed in the reservoir.

**No, He Was Tired!**

"Some people believe that thirteen at table is unlucky."

"Wonder if that's why the maker of the multiplication tables stopped at twelve."



**A Real Fish Story.**

Next to going fishing, the real fishermen love a fish story. So if your thoughts are straying from spinning frames to fishing poles, listen to this tale from Mississippi. And if you just naturally crave to go somewhere and fish—go to Mississippi. There are fish in Mississippi, real man-sized fish. The rivers are so full of them that they have to take turn about coming to the surface of the water to feed and you'll have to hide behind a tree every time you bait your hook.

By way of Spartanburg, the Mississippi fish story comes from a friend of Will Miller, overseer of weaving at the Stonewall Cotton Mills, Stonewall, Miss. Mr. Miller, along with Walter Dyess and Red Seigler, of the office force, and Will Eastridge, overseer of carding, have just returned from a fishing trip. They caught a buffalo weighing 14 pounds, one cat fish weighing 34 pounds, and another weighing 45½ pounds. The heaviest one was so big, Mr. Miller writes, they could not take him home, but had to take him to a hotel instead. Just why this was necessary, he didn't say, unless it was that the hotel, being larger than an ordinary residence, furnished more parking space for the big cats. Anyway, they used a pair of pliers to skin 'em with and an axe to cut them up. But that's not all, not by a darn sight. On another trip Sam Adler, superintendent at Stonewall, and Dr. Harper, caught a cat fish weighing 58 pounds. Fortunately they also caught a preacher and took him along to verify the tale. Otherwise, well, Mr. Miller's friend in Spartanburg says while he doesn't exactly doubt this, he never has seen a cat-fish in Spartanburg county that weighed more than half a pound. He insinuates further that he has accumulated a sharp axe, a pair of pliers and a few hundred feet of stout plow line and he's Mississippi bound.

What's the fare to Mississippi, anyway?

**Should Keep Contracts, Says Court.**

The Cotton Manufacturers' Association of Georgia requests publication of the following extract from opinion in case of Continental Candy Corporation vs. California and Hawaiian Sugar Refining Company, being Case No. 579 equity, in the District Court of the United States, for the Northern District of California, Southern Division:

"Aside from the fundamental disposition which I think should be in the breast of every man who expects to engage and continue in business in the United States of America—the disposition to live up to his contracts once he has entered into them—I think there ought to be the further but equally prevalent disposition to take one's loss, when it comes, like a sport; and whether it be a loss of \$300,000, as here, or a loss of three hundred cents—having over-purchased, having over-bought, having failed to guess with becoming perspicacity as to the future, if one would contribute something to

the well-being of our civilization, he will not seek to avoid such a contract as that—one entailing a loss in virtue of his want of foresight—because, forsooth, on the narrow ground that five months after he entered into it he got advice that it was unlawful. He should bear this loss—bear it like a man—even if the bearing of the loss mean bank-

ruptcy. Unwelcome bankruptcy may be accepted with honor; unwarranted repudiation, however, is a continuing badge of dishonor. To do the honorable thing at all events, even in the face of loss, is a part of the game; it is a part of the burden. And it seems to me that it is the burden that ought to be maintained by the plaintiff in this case."

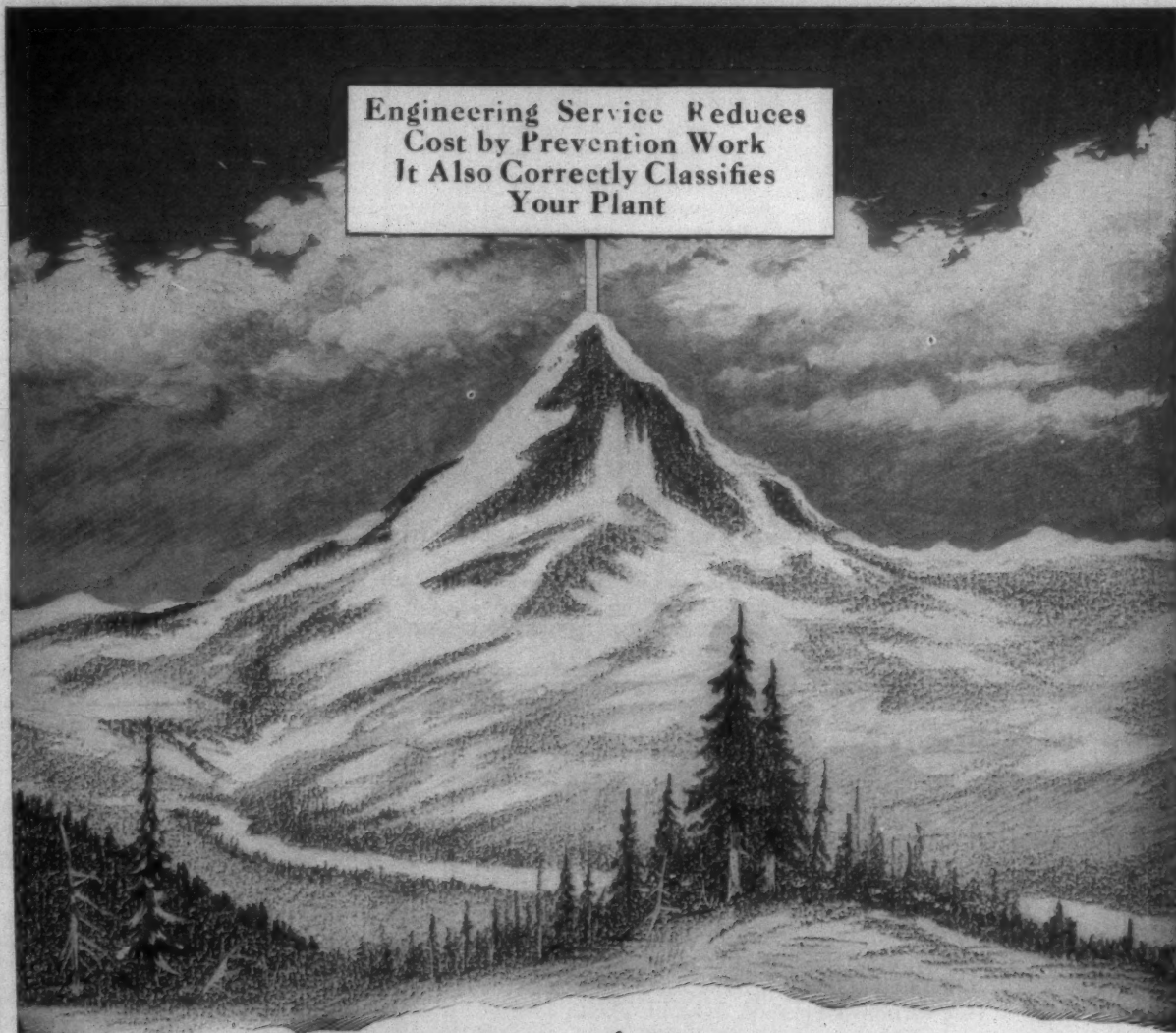
Wife (pleadingly): "I'm afraid, Jack, you do not love me any more—anyway, not as well as you used to."

Husband: "Why?"

Wife: "Because you always let me get up to light the fire now."

Husband: "Nonsense, my love! Your getting up to light the fire makes me love you all the more."

# This High Point



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## Labor Lessened is Money Saved

Quick, easy transportation in and about your plant is a vital item. Excess time or labor means expense. Save it.

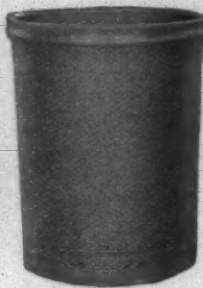
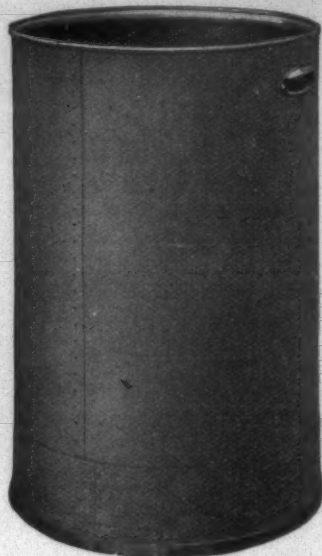
Diamond Fibre Receptacles are systematic savers of lost motion. They pay big dividends—far in excess of their cost. They last for years and continue to pay because they are made of non-splintering, non-rusting, practically indestructible Diamond Fibre.

We make a full line of these hardy receptacles; trucks, doffing cars, roving cans, waste baskets, barrels, sample cases and many other things.

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How much smoother things go along when you are within 4 seconds' contact with every person in your plant.

Small wonder so many Southern Mills are run so efficiently.

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**Select-O-Phone Corporation**

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Member Rice Leaders  
of the World Association



## Personal News

H. P. Barrett is now second hand in weaving at the Gambrell and Melville Mills, Bessemer City, N. C.

D. E. Taylor is now in charge of spoiling and warping at Fairfax Mills, Fairfax, Ala.

J. H. Bagwell has resigned as superintendent of Couch Mills, East Point, Ga.

Jas. Escott has been appointed superintendent of Couch Mills, East Point, Ga.

M. F. Petty has been appointed carder and spinner at Couch Mills, Thomson, Ga.

Jas. B. Knight has been appointed spinning overseer at the Lane Cotton Mills, New Orleans, La.

J. S. Mooty has resigned as overseer weaving at the Piedmont Cotton Mills, Egan, Ga.

W. H. Hamer has been appointed carding overseer at the Anchor Duck Mills, Rome, Ga.

I. C. Edwards, overseer carding at Anchor Duck Mills, Rome, Ga., has resigned.

Farlow Younger is now fixing looms at Pickett Cotton Mills, High Point, N. C.

J. P. Yates has resigned as card grinder at Tallassee Mills, East Tallassee, Ala., and has entered the barber trade.

Erwin Broom has resigned as overseer of spinning at Rodman, Heath Cotton Mills, Waxhaw, N. C., and is now at Fort Mill, S. C.

C. C. Whitaker, from the Woodside Mill, Greenville, is now covering rolls for the Arcadia Mill at Spartanburg, S. C.

B. M. Lattimore has been appointed salesman for John P. Marston Co., manufacturers of Dyestuffs and Sizing Compounds.

G. C. Rainbow, formerly second hand in twisting, spooling and warping, is now section man in twisting room with Winnsboro Mills, Winnsboro, S. C.

C. H. Story, formerly of Easley, but more recently from the Poinsett Mill, is now overseer of cloth room of the Judson Mill, Greenville, S. C.

Paul Caldwell has been promoted to overseer of the roll covering shop at the Woodside Mill, Greenville, S. C.

L. W. Davis has accepted the position of superintendent of second hand in carding at the Marlboro Mills No. 5, Bennettsville, S. C.

P. C. Wentworth, treasurer of the National Ring Traveler Company, Providence, R. I., has been on a business trip in the South.

Walter M. Welman, secretary and treasurer of Huntsville Cotton Mills, Huntsville, Ala., has been elected first vice-president of the Rotary Club at Huntsville.

B. L. Ledwell, superintendent of Yount Cotton Mills, Conover, N. C., has also been appointed general manager of Blue Ridge Cotton Mills, Connelly Springs, N. C.

G. W. Beal has resigned as loom fixer at Pickett Cotton Mills, High Point, N. C., and is now located at Kannapolis, N. C., with the Cabarrus Mill.

W. R. Thigpen has resigned as overseer of finishing at Samoset Mills, Talladega, Ala., and is now with the Bleaching and Finishing Works, of Gaffney, S. C.

E. N. McGuinn, who has been managing a laundry in Gaffney, S. C., has resigned that position to become superintendent of the Landrum Cotton Mills, Landrum, S. C.

N. C. Roe, former superintendent of Lincoln Cotton Mills, Huntsville, Ala., but now manager and superintendent of Pioneer Cotton Mills, Guthrie, Okla., delivered an address before the Huntsville Rotary Club last week.

T. H. Frost, who has been acting as manager and superintendent of Fulton Cotton Mills, Athens, Ala., has resigned as superintendent and is devoting his entire time to managing. G. A. Williams has succeeded him as superintendent.

Who has not heard of "Old Hickory," that miracle plant in Tennessee. It sprang into action when the bugle called the colors.

Just think, ten miles of steam mains covered with 85 per cent Magnesia Pipe Covering at this plant. And the immense boilers that made steam for these mains and hundreds of thousands of square feet of tanks and stills, were also covered with 85 per cent Magnesia.

A gentleman told me a few days ago that at Hog Island (one of the eight or nine wonders of the world) the power plants of 122 government vessels had been insulated with 85 per cent Magnesia Pipe and Boiler covering.

The Ehret Magnesia Company, at Valley Forge, Pa., who we represent, are producing this world famous insulation. May we talk with you on this subject?

**GENERAL EQUIPMENT CO., Sou. Agent**

518 Realty Building, CHARLOTTE, N. C.



C. T. Waddell, overseer in Valley Waste Mill, LaGrange, Ga., has resigned to return to a former position at the Federal Prison, Atlanta, Ga. Before taking up his new duties, he and Mrs. Waddell will take a vacation and have gone in their car for an extended trip which will take them as far as Mississippi.

#### Superintendent Davis Loses Automobile

Mr. J. L. Davis, superintendent of the Ninety-Six Cotton Mills had the misfortune to lose his automobile Sunday morning on his way to Greenwood. It took fire and was burned up. It was well insured.

#### Changes Name to "Textile Hall Corporation"

Greenville, S. C., April 2.—The annual meeting of the directors of Southern Textile Exposition, Inc., was held Wednesday. The directors are: Ellison A. Smyth, B. E. Geer, John W. Arrington, J. F. Gallivan, W. W. Carter, Edwin Howard, J. E. Sirrine, John A. McPherson, Augustus W. Smith, William G. Sirrine.

All of the officers of the corporation were re-elected, namely: William G. Sirrine, president and treasurer; John A. McPherson, vice-president; R. S. Huntington, treasurer.

A resolution was adopted changing the name of the organization to Textile Hall Corporation. This change is necessary as a result of the wide activities of the hall, and especially to prevent confusion between the Textile Products Show, which will be held next fall, and Southern Textile Exposition, which is scheduled for 1922.

The report of the president and treasurer showed that the indebtedness has been reduced considerably since 1919, that a great many permanent repairs have been made, and that the hall is now in fine physical condition.

The directors unanimously endorsed all the arrangements which

have been made for holding the Textile Products Show in October, and requested the president to appoint all committees, both in the textile and general business lines, that are necessary to carry out the plans of the show.

#### Notes from North Carolina Textile School

G. E. Bush has resigned his position as instructor in carding and spinning at the North Carolina Textile School to accept a position in the fabric department of the Firestone Tire and Rubber Company, Akron, Ohio.

Mr. Bush graduated from the above Textile School, which is a department of the State College, in 1919, and was awarded the students' medal by the National Association of Cotton Manufacturers.

Maurice Hendricks, who has been recently promoted to general superintendent of Cliffside Mills, Cliffside, N. C., is also a graduate of the Textile School and was awarded the students' medal.

Mr. Hendrick graduated in 1908 and has been assistant superintendent of these mills for a number of years.

#### Automobiles.

The Wall Street Journal estimates production in the Michigan motor area at approximately 60 per cent of capacity. Cleveland reports a gain of 1,500 employees, or 24 per cent, in the industry during March, and the Overland plant at Toledo is taking back 6,000 men this week. Some of the Detroit plants are resuming full time production. Sales are reported increasing north of the Ohio and east of the Mississippi, but the South and West are lagging behind. The tire trade is also improving steadily and the Goodyear Tire & Rubber Co. will increase its production schedule 33 per cent in April. Other companies report similar gains.

## Ten Years Ago

It is interesting to note that ten years ago cotton mill conditions were somewhat depressed as they are today. There were many notices of cotton mills closing down and also market quotations were low. The following items appeared in the Southern Textile Bulletin dated April 13, 1911:

#### Personals

C. H. Philips is now superintendent of the Hopedale mill at Burlington, N. C.

W. P. Smith has resigned as overseer of carding at the Wahoo Mfg. Co., Sargeant, Ga.

W. F. Smith, formerly superintendent of the Providence Mills at Maiden, N. C., is now located at Concord, N. C.

D. O. Bryant has resigned as overseer of spinning at the Wahoo Mfg. Co., Sargeant, Ga.

J. T. Alexander has resigned his position with the Maple Mills, Dillon, S. C., to become overseer of spinning at the Lumberton, N. C., Cotton Mills.

E. Timmerman has resigned as overseer of carding at Newry, S. C., to accept a similar position with the Oconee Mills at Westminster, S. C.

S. M. Arington, formerly overseer of carding at the Avondale Mills, Birmingham, Ala., is now in the real estate business at that place.

T. P. Moose has resigned as carder and spinner at the Atlas Mills of Bessemer City, N. C., to accept a similar position at the Brown Mill, Concord, N. C.

Byron F. Card, superintendent of the Tallassee Falls Mfg. Co., Tallassee, Ala., will resign his position to become superintendent of the Kansas City, Mo., Cotton Mill.

# Receiver's Sale

## Acworth Cotton Manufacturing Co.

### Acworth, Georgia

May 7th, 1921

Pursuant to an order of the Superior Court of Cobb County, Georgia, there will be sold to the highest bidder on the terms hereinafter specified the following described property, to-wit:

The property known as the Acworth Cotton Manufacturing Company, located about five-eighths of a mile south of the town of Acworth, in said State and County, consisting of thirty-one acres of land, more or less, on which there are situated the following improvements:

#### Mill

The mill brick building, 80x241 feet, single story, regular mill construction, equipped with sprinkler system as required by the Underwriters. The machinery in this building consists of 6120 spindles and the usual preparatory equipment—Lowell and the Saco-Lowell models, 1906 and 1914. Designed and set to make knitting yarns delivered on cones from 12's to 30's.

#### Power Plant

Steam. Two 150 horsepower Walsh and Weidner Boilers. One 150 horsepower Corliss Valve Hardie-Tynes Engine. Fully equipped machine shop, with tools, pumps, humidifier system and boiler accessories.

#### Cotton Warehouse

A wooden building 50x98 feet, single story. Sprinkled.

#### Waste House

A two-story wooden building, 20x30 feet, equipped with baling press.

#### Mill Village

Eighteen tenant houses, newly painted and in splendid physical condition. Equipped with city water and lights. Church and school building.

#### Real Estate

Thirty-one acres, more or less, of land with private side track and coal dump. Pasture with spring water.

Mill buildings, machinery, power plant, warehouses and tenant houses, for operatives, all in good physical condition and in operation. Mill was built and commenced operation in 1907 and has been uniformly successful.

Situated on the W. & A. Railway, on a direct line from the coal fields of Alabama and Tennessee, insuring quick and cheap delivery of coal.

Ample supply of native labor and cheap living conditions.

#### TERMS:

All bidders for said properties are required to deposit a certified check in the sum of Five Thousand Dollars to guarantee the faithful carrying out of their bids, said sum to be forfeited to the corporation in the event the successful bidder fails to comply with his bid and the terms of the sale; 40% of the bid in addition to the deposit above referred to, to be paid in cash within fifteen days after the acceptance thereof, and that the balance be paid in six equal installments; 10% of the balance to be paid within sixty days from the date of the acceptance of the bid, and a like amount to be paid every sixty days thereafter until the full amount of the bid has been paid; all deferred payments to bear interest at the rate of seven per cent per annum from date of sale.

All bids received will be submitted to the Court, and when so submitted the Court has a right to reject any and all bids or to approve and authorize a sale to the highest and best bidder.

All bids received will be referred to the Court for approval or rejection within five days from the 7th day of May, 1921.

Good and sufficient warranty titles, free from liens or encumbrances, will be made to the purchaser under the order and decree of the Superior Court of Cobb County, Georgia.

Sealed bids will be received up to 12 o'clock M., on the 7th day of May, 1921.

The Receiver will exhibit this property to any prospective purchaser at Acworth, Georgia, any time before the date of the sale.

ORLANDO AWTRY,

Receiver Acworth Cotton Manufacturing Company,  
Acworth, Georgia.



# SOUTHERN TEXTILE BULLETIN

Published Every Thursday by

**CLARK PUBLISHING COMPANY**

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B. ARP LOWRANCE.....	Associate Editor
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**THURSDAY, APRIL 14, 1921**

### Southern Textile Association Program

The full program of the meeting of the Southern Textile Association, to be held in Atlanta, on May 13 and 14, as printed on the next page, shows that the committee in charge has done its work unusually well and that the coming convention will be one of the best the association ever held.

The technical discussion, including a continuation of the reports of the various technical sections of the association, will be unusually interesting and valuable. The work being carried on by these sections, the progress of which has been recorded in the several sectional meetings held since the last convention, is proving that these committees are making an invaluable contribution to the work of the association. The original idea behind this work, namely, that of making the Southern Textile Association a vast clearing house of practical information, is being very successfully worked out and members of the association are particularly fortunate in that this store of information is available to them.

Special attention has been paid to the entertainment features of the Atlanta meeting. Those who attend are amply insured against a dull time by the extensive preparations

that have been made to insure them a good time. For the ladies who attend, a special entertainment program has been worked out. Atlanta boasts of many attractions and the best of these will be available to the textile visitors.

### General Business Conditions.

While there has been no material improvement in the general business situation, recent developments are such that we may feel that we are nearing much better times. The industrial situation is still unbalanced, but steady progress is being made toward a restoration of its equilibrium. Business is still in a state of transition from the period of depression, but when we carefully consider the situation throughout the world, coupled with the tremendous price drop made by our staple products, it is remarkable that our present state is no worse than it is.

The number of business failures has been less than was very generally anticipated and in spite of the increase in unemployment, not nearly so much economic distress has been noted as was freely predicted some time ago. Business in many lines is still facing the necessity of further readjustment, but in regard to prices and wages, but it is encouraging that this is progressing

with a minimum amount of friction.

Confidence is slowly returning and further liquidation in some lines will materially strengthen confidence in values that is absolutely necessary before trade can go ahead in anything like an active way.

One of the most encouraging features in the situation is the activity in retail trade. The Federal Reserve Bank, of New York, in compiling a survey of retail conditions, finds that department store business for the month was about on a par with that of the corresponding month last year. Taking into consideration that the average of retail prices is considerably lower this year than last, it will be seen that the stores had to handle a much larger volume of business to keep that sales totals equal to those in 1920.

This would indicate that the purchasing power of the public, even with lower wages and a big reduction in the number of persons employed, has not diminished nearly so much as was generally supposed. Retail stores reporting to the New York bank reported that sales of both men and women's apparel are running well ahead of last year. Many people who deferred buying last spring on account of the high prices have been able to purchase what they need. Sales of luxuries are appreciably lower than those of last year, but such purchases of articles as clothing and other necessities have been stimulated by the lower prices.

Retailers who have priced their merchandise on an actual replacement basis have met with a good response from the public. On the other hand, those merchants who are still trying to unload high priced goods are having a hard time of it. The gradual disposition of retailers to fall in line with present day values will have a continued good effect. Retail stocks must be cleared away before we can overcome the stagnation brought about when prices declined so rapidly. Some merchants are still trying to maintain former price levels, but they are waging a losing fight and the sooner they take their losses and liquidate their stocks at current values, the better off they will be.

Further wage reductions will be necessary in some lines where wage cuts have made little headway. The best organized trades have successfully resisted reductions so far. For instance, clothing workers are receiving practically their old scale, but such a large number of them are idle that their total earnings are less than if wages had been reduced

and a larger number of workers remained employed.

The greatest stumbling block to a business revival is the foreign trade situation. Until this country works out a definite foreign policy, we can hope for little improvement along this line. It is to be hoped that the administration will soon arrive at some definite attitude in regard to our foreign relations. We must have trade with the rest of the world, but until we make our position clearly known, we can work out no trade policy that will help the situation.

The banking situation is better, especially where gold reserves are concerned. According to Theodore Price, of New York, we may anticipate further improvement along this line. He takes the view that the fundamental improvement in the banking position is the real basis for a growing confidence in the future of business.

David R. Forgan, president of the National City Bank, of Chicago, sounds a hopeful note when he says:

"At such a time as this there are always pessimists who cannot see what is ever going to happen to cause a recovery, but in a long experience I have never found that the pessimists were right. I have great faith in the recuperative powers of the United States of America."

"In many lines particularly those which were first hit and hardest hit, orders for goods are now quite numerous. They are still small and represent a hand-to-mouth policy on the part of the buyers, but urgency of shipment is a very noticeable and encouraging feature of these orders."

### Made in Carolinas Exposition.

Announcement was made in Charlotte this week of plans for the holding a "Made in Carolinas" exposition in September. The announcement states that the plans include the erection of a large exhibition building in Charlotte to house the show. Manufacturers of all kinds of articles will be invited to exhibit their products at the exposition. It is hoped in this way to show the people of the two states just how leading products are made in the Carolinas. Such a display will foster the consumption of merchandise made at home and stimulate a larger local consumption of Made-in-Carolina products.

Plans for the exposition are rather indefinite as yet, but further announcements are expected within a short time. It will be an excellent idea, if carried out, and should go a long way in showing dealers and distributors the advantages of handling merchandise made at home. There has been a regrettable tendency in the past for the manufac-



urers of the Carolinas to depend too much on shipping their products to markets outside the states. It is unfortunate, also, that too many people have believed that articles made in other sections were superior to those manufactured at home.

If the people in the Carolinas are enough interested in their home products to demand them, wholesale and retail stores will be quick to stock the home products. This certainly is not the case in a great many places now.

A concerted effort to get both consumers and sellers interested in products made in the Carolinas will do much to overcome this tendency to look elsewhere for goods. We know of no better way in which this idea can be carried out than

through such an exposition as it now proposed. And it will open the eyes of many Carolinians to find out in how many lines Carolina manufacturers lead the world.

We are sure that the mills will be interested in this exposition. And it will open the eyes of many people to learn that North Carolina alone has the largest hosiery mills in the world, the largest denim mills, the largest towel and damask mills.

#### Better Times Surely Are Coming

Perhaps it is true that merchants should advertise most when business is worst, as advertising can do more than anything else to make business better. As a matter of fact and experience, however, and therefore presumably as a result of

commercial wisdom, there is a direct and fairly close relationship between prosperity and the amount of advertising done, and when advertising is on a large scale it is a sure indication that in the estimation of the business world good times at least are beginning and that improvement is expected with confidence.—New York Times.

#### A New Competitive Era.

"Business is entering upon a greater competitive era than ever before. An era where methods of doing business, cost of doing business and quality will count for more than they ever did before. The world-wide destruction of capital can only be made good by more efficient methods and lower costs of production. The future success of any man in business will depend upon his ability to reorganize his business on a basis of lower cost and quality production, as compared with the basis of speed and quantity production required during the war.—Frank K. Houston in Trust Companies, March, p. 252.

#### Movies as Salesmen in China

"When the Silk Association of America wished to convince the Chinese silk producers that it was to their interest to prepare the standard American skein, and incidentally help to extend the source of supply for our great silk industry, they decided that the most effective method would be through the display of motion picture films among

the Chinese silk producers, showing how American silk mills operate, and how best to prepare the standard American skein. As a result, within three years' time, 25 per cent of the silk of that section of China was prepared in the new way, and substantially increased America's source of supply. A similar work was done in the silk producing section of Central China."—Will P. Kennedy, in Judicious Advertising.

#### Statement

Of the ownership, management, circulation, etc., required by the act of Congress of August 24, 1912, of Southern Textile Bulletin, published weekly at Charlotte, N. C.

1. That the names and addresses of the publisher, editor, managing editor, and business managers are: Publisher, Clark Publishing Co., (not Inc.), Charlotte, N. C.

Editor and Managing Editor, David, Clark, Charlotte, N. C.

Business Manager, J. M. Woolley, Charlotte, N. C.

2. That the owners are: David Clark, sole owner, Charlotte, N. C.

3. That the known bondholders, mortgagees and other security holders owning or holding 1 per cent or more of total amount of bonds, mortgages, or other securities are: None.

J. M. WOOLLEY,  
Business Manager.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 1st day of April, 1921.

W. M. BELL,  
Notary Public.

(By commission expires Dec. 20, 1921.)

### PROGRAM SOUTHERN TEXTILE ASSOCIATION'S CONVENTION, PIEDMONT HOTEL, ATLANTA, GEORGIA, MAY 13 and 14.

Friday, May 13—Meeting Piedmont Hotel Convention Room—10:00 a. m.—Address of Welcome, by W. R. C. (Dick) Smith.

Response by Jno. W. Clark, West Durham, N. C.

President's Address, H. H. Boyd, Charlotte, N. C.

Report—Carding Section—Marshall Dilling, Chairman, Gastonia, N. C.

Report—Spinning Section—Carl R. Harris, Lancaster, S. C.

Meeting adjourns at 12:30 for lunch at Georgia Tech. Street cars waiting at Luckie street entrance of Piedmont hotel to carry members to Georgia Tech.

Friday afternoon session—Meeting at 2:30, Y. M. C. A. auditorium, Georgia Tech.

Report W. H. Gibson, chairman, weaving section.

Report Jno. W. Clark, chairman cloth and finishing.

Report S. B. Rhea, M. M. section, Greenville, S. C.

Baseball—Georgia Tech vs Washington-Lee, Grant Field, Georgia Tech, at 4:00 p. m.

Dinner 7 p. m., Ansley roof garden—Tickets \$1.00 each. Special entertainment feature at 9:00, Howard theatre. Ladies included.

Saturday, May 14—Meeting 10:00 a. m.

Address—Governor Hugh Dorsey, Atlanta, Ga.

Address—C. S. Tatum, Brenham, Texas, Research Work in Texas Mills.

Practical discussion.

Election of officers.

Business meeting.

Registration from 7:30 p. m., Friday.

Saturday morning, breakfast 7:30 for the officers, sectional chairmen and board of governors and past presidents.

#### Program for Ladies

Friday, May 13, 11:30 a. m.—Ladies leave Piedmont hotel in automobiles for trip to points of interest around city, terminating at East Lake Country Club for luncheon and entertainment.

7:00 p. m.—Dinner, roof garden, Ansley hotel.

9:00 p. m.—Theatre party at Howard theatre.

Atlanta ladies will entertain.

## Bobbins and Spools

### True-running Warp Bobbins a Specialty

The Dana S. Courtney Co.  
Chicopee, Mass.

Southern Agt, A. B. CARTER, Greenville, S.C.



# MILL NEWS ITEMS OF INTEREST

**Burlington, N. C.**—The E. M. Holt Plaid Mills, Inc., are planning to install sprinkler system. They would like to have prices from firms who can do this work. Further information can be had from Walter M. Williams, secretary and treasurer.

**Connelly Springs, N. C.**—John A. Isenhour and Mr. Abernathy have purchased the Blue Ridge Cotton Mills at this place from B. M. Spratt, Jr., and G. E. Mauney. Mr. Abernathy is president and Mr. Isenhour, treasurer.

**Clinton, S. C.**—The officers and clerical employees of Lydia Cotton Mills recently moved into the new office building erected by the mills. Modern appliances, including an interior telephone system, add to the building's value.

**Camden, S. C.**—The Wateree Mill has resumed full operations. This mill has been running half time since December. The principal reason for the short time operation has been the installation of new machinery, it is stated.

**Jacksonville, Ala.**—The Profile Cotton Mill, which has been shut down for several days on account of its main turbine wheel being broken, has resumed production with electric power until the wheel is repaired.

**Kansas City, Kansas.**—The Kansas City Cotton Mills have completed financial arrangements for operating the mill and will start on July 1st. E. E. Holmes is secretary and treasurer and Byron F. Card, of Tallahassee, Ala., will be the superintendent.

**Lexington, N. C.**—The name of the Yadkin Finishing Co. has been changed to North Carolina Finishing Co. This plant is located on the Yadkin river and is owned by Erlanger Bros., who have a big mill here. A number of improvements recently have been made both to the plant and the village. It is said to be the purpose of the company to eventually build a large new plant there.

**Greenville, S. C.**—The contract for the construction of the Dunean Cotton Mills was awarded Monday at the offices of the Dunean Mills, in the Masonic Temple. The contracting firm of Fiske, Carter and Company, of Worcester, Mass., submitted the lowest bid and were awarded the contract for the construction of the large plant.

**Abbeville, S. C.**—The Abbeville Cotton Mills have engaged E. S. Draper, landscape architect and engineer, Charlotte, N. C., for the development of a mill village park with community house, plans and specifications for this structure being in course of preparation by W. L. Hemphill of Abbeville.

## E. S. DRAPER

CHARLOTTE

NORTH CAROLINA

LANDSCAPE ARCHITECT  
and CITY PLANNER

MILL VILLAGE DEVELOPMENT

**Greenville, S. C.**—The Judson Mills have had plans prepared for a dye house and bids will be asked for soon. Exterior walls will be of brick with daylight sash. The structure will be covered with a monitor roof supported by steel beams. J. E. Sirrine & Co. are engineers.

**Burlington, N. C.**—The cotton mills of Burlington and Alamance county are operating, and the prospects for the future are encouraging. A general reduction in wages of employees was made at practically all the mills the first of the present year, and there has been no report of any general dissatisfaction on the part of the employees. Leading manufacturers express a belief that the present situation which is about normal will continue indefinitely, and that no decline in the cotton manufacturing industry in Burlington and Alamance county is expected.

**LaGrange, Ga.**—The site for the Dunson mills has been purchased and is located about one-fourth of a mile northeast of the city, along all three of the railroads running here, and extending from one public road to another, with two streams of water running through it. It is stated that contracts have been awarded for the construction of the big buildings. Contracts for the full equipment of the power plant which will be required to light and run the mill, have also been let. It is understood that the entire equipment of machinery has been purchased and will be ready to be installed as soon as the building can be completed.

**Chattanooga, Tenn.**—Confidence that business conditions in general will continue to improve and that there will be an increasing demand for textile goods is reflected here in the announcement by several hosiery concerns of the increased basis of production. Both of Chattanooga's mercerizing plants, the Dixie Mercerizing Co., and the Standard Processing Co., are running practically at capacity.

G. H. Miller, president of the United Hosiery Mills corporation in an interview stated that plants of the United are operating on a full time basis and that some night shifts are in use. The company, he declared, is behind with orders.

Garnett Andrews, president of the Richmond Hosiery Mills, stated that the main plants located at Rossville and East Chattanooga are on a practically normal production basis. He also stated that the company plans to reopen the smaller mills in nearby towns during the month provided business continues to improve.

**Durham Hosiery Mills to Operate Full Time.**

**Durham, N. C.**—The management of the Durham Hosiery Mills announced today that its plant beginning this week will operate full

## MEES & MEES ENGINEERS

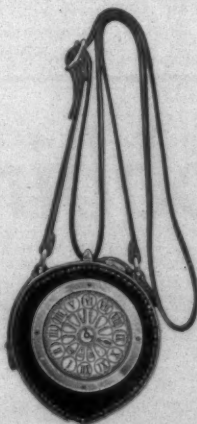
Transmission Lines, Municipal Improvements  
Highway Engineering

Steam and Water Power Plants

Surveys, Reports, Design, Supervision of Construction

Third Floor Kinney Building

CHARLOTTE, N. C.



CHICAGO  
1526 S. Wabash Avenue

## The CHICAGO APPROVED PORTABLE WATCHMAN'S CLOCK

with its special Waltham movement, its lock stations and its superior quality throughout, is especially desirable for mills and factories and for either in-door or out-door patrol.

Write for Catalogue

Chicago Watchman's Clock Works

NEW YORK  
9 Church Street



Charlotte Leather Belting assures you of continuous production and increased efficiency, with decreased operation expense due to its *Clean Quality. It is Trouble Free.*

**Charlotte Leather Belting Co.**  
Charlotte, N. C.



time. The announcement is to the effect that business conditions generally are more optimistic than they have been at any time since the period of depression began.

#### Receiver's Sale of Acworth Cotton Manufacturing Co.

Orlando Awtrey, receiver for the Acworth Cotton Manufacturing Co., of Acworth, Ga., will offer the mill plant and property at public sale on May 7. The plant has an equipment of 6,210 spindles, steam driven. The property includes the steam power plant, cotton warehouse, waste house, mill village with 18 houses, and about 31 acres of land. The mill was built in 1907.

Mr. Acworth was appointed receiver some months ago when the affairs of the company became involved through the alleged defalcation of W. F. Hetrick, former president.

#### The Surplus of Cotton.

Of the cotton produced in 1920 in the cotton-growing district east of the Mississippi, the Federal Reserve Bank of Atlanta, reports in its monthly bulletin "approximately 60 per cent is still held and a large proportion of it is pledged as collateral for loans on a basis considerably above the present low market price of the staple." Regarding the prospect of smaller acreage for the 1921 cotton crop, the bank merely states that "the campaign for reduction in acreage is being actively prosecuted."

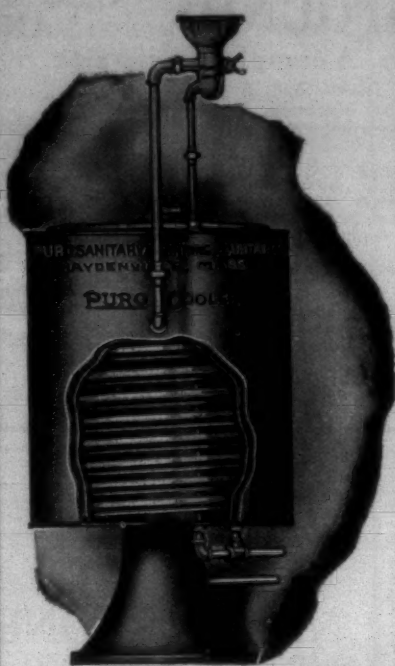
Amount of fertilizer purchased by the farmers thus far in the season is believed to be not more than one-fourth of the amount usually bought by this time of the year. But on the other hand, "all indica-

#### Screw Machine Products

for Textile Mills and allied Industries. We make Special Shaped turnings in steel or brass.

Send samples or Blue Prints for quotations. Please state quantities ordered.

**SHAMBOW SHUTTLE CO.**  
Woonsocket, Rhode Island



The late ex-President  
Roosevelt's motto was  
**Be Prepared!**

Anticipate your warm  
weather requirements and  
order

**Puro Coolers  
NOW**

**DON'T DELAY.**

40 Feet Coil Pipe—  
Cover with locking device  
and rubber washer, making  
an air tight Tank—equipped  
with PURO Sanitary Drink-  
ing Fountain.

**Puro Sanitary Drinking  
Fountain Co.**

Haydenville, Mass.

Southern Agent  
E. S. PLAYER, Greenville, S. C.

## GUDE & CO.

All classes of building construction promptly and efficiently  
executed at reasonable prices.

**CANDLER BLDG.**

**ATLANTA, GA.**

## NEW PATTERN

STEEL CLAD HARD FIBRE TRUCKS

with continuous angle and bottom corner construction,  
and one-piece steel bottom band.

TRIAL MEANS SATISFACTION

NO  
WASTE  
Seamless  
Cans

Oval  
Cans

Gill Cans  
Barrels

Taper  
Baskets



More Particulars Upon Application

25 Miller Street

**Standard Fibre Co.**

Somerville, Mass.

Plain  
HARD  
Fibre  
Cars  
Comber  
Boxes  
Doffing  
Boxes  
Bobbin  
Boxes  
Self-oiling  
truck  
wheels

tions are that crops raised this season are to be the cheapest crops raised in a number of years; farm labor is reported ample, and increasing efficiency."—New York Times.

#### Wateree Mills Resume Operations.

Camden, S. C.—The Wateree Mills resumed operations Monday, according to an announcement made public here. This mill has only been running on an average of half time since December 1 of last year, and the announcement that they will resume full operation is received with much satisfaction throughout this entire section. The principal reason for so much delay in starting operation on full time is that the company took advantage of the opportunity during the depression of business to install new machinery almost throughout the factory. Four hundred and twenty new looms have been installed since December.

## Filter Profits

Clear, Clean water in  
ample volume for the  
mere cost of pumpage  
with

**NORWOOD FILTERS**

Inquiries invited  
**Norwood Engineering Co.**  
Florence, Mass.

CHAS. M. SETZER, Sou. Rep.  
CHARLOTTE, N. C.

## DAVID BROWN CO.

SUCCESSORS TO  
WELD BOBBIN AND SPOOL COMPANY

**LAWRENCE, MASS., U.S.A.**

MANUFACTURERS OF HIGH GRADE

**Bobbins, Spools, & Shuttles**

For Cotton, Woolen, Silk, Knitting  
and Carpet Mills

We make a specialty of  
Hand Threading and Woolen  
Shuttles, Enamelled Bobbins  
and all kinds of Bobbins and  
Spools with Brass or Tin  
Re-inforcements.

Write for quotations.

## THE CHOICE OF A HUMIDIFYING SYSTEM

must be one that for simplicity with great capacity and economy in maintenance produces uniformly such conditions that may be determined for the different requirements of the work. In the American Moistening Company's method of humidifying, all such requirements are GUARANTEED.

Our COMINS SECTIONAL HUMIDIFIERS  
Our FAN TYPE and HIGH DUTY HUMIDIFIERS  
Our VENTILATING Type of Humidifier (Taking fresh air into  
the room from outside)  
Our ATOMIZERS or COMPRESSED AIR SYSTEM  
Our COMPRESSED AIR CLEANING SYSTEM

Our CONDITIONING ROOM EQUIPMENT  
Our AUTOMATIC HUMIDITY CONTROL (Can be applied to  
systems already installed)  
Our AUTOMATIC TEMPERATURE CONTROL  
Are all STANDARDS OF MODERN TEXTILE MILL EQUIP-  
MENTS.

### AMERICAN MOISTENING COMPANY

RUSSELL GRINNELL, President

BOSTON, MASS.

FRANK B. COMINS, Vice-Pres. and Treasurer

SOUTHERN OFFICE, Atlanta Trust Company Building, ATLANTA, GEORGIA



# TALLOW—OILS—GUMS—COMPOUNDS

**TEXTOL, A new product especially for Print Cloths. A complete warp size, requires no addition of tallow**



TRADE MARK

Tallow, Soluble Grease, Soluble Oils, Gums, Glues, Gum Arabol, Lancashire Size, Waxes, Finishing Pastes, Soaps, Glycerine, Ready-made eavy Size, Sago and Tapioca Flours, Dextrines, China Clay, Soluble Blue Bone Grease, Bleachers' Blue.

**SPECIAL COMPOUNDS FOR WARPS, WHERE STOP MOTIONS ARE USED.**

**WEIGHTING COMPOUNDS FOR COLORED AND WHITE WARPS.**

**FINISHING COMPOUNDS FOR ALL CLASSES OF FABRICS.**

The Arabol best grades of cotton warp sizing compounds make the "finest weaving and will hold the fly."

These compounds are based on the best practical experience and the best materials used in their manufacture.

## The Arabol Manufacturing Co.

R. P. GIBSON, South Carolina Agent, Greenville, S. C.

Offices: 100 William Street, New York.

Southern Agent: Cameron MacRae, Concord, N. C.

# ALSO HOSIERY FINISHING AND BLEACHINGS



Factories: Brooklyn, N. Y.

GUY L. MELCHOR, Ga., Ala. and Tenn. Agent, Atlanta Ga.

## FEDERAL TAX SERVICE CORPORATION

103 Trust Building  
CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Palmetto Building  
GREENVILLE, S. C.

Specialists in the preparation of Income and Excess Profits tax returns for Cotton Mills. Tax estimates and adjustments made.

A. D. WATTS, President

Sam N. Johnson, Vice President

C. E. Frick, Sec'y

J. H. Courtney, Vice Pres.

John B. Glover, Jr., Treas

## WE-FU-GO AND SCAIFE

# WATER

PURIFICATION SYSTEMS  
SOFTENING & FILTRATION  
FOR BOILER FEED AND  
ALL INDUSTRIAL USES

WM. B. SCAIFE & SONS CO. PITTSBURGH, PA.

IMMEDIATE SHIPMENT

# Hydrosulphite

CONCENTRATED POWDER

FOR

Vat Colors and Indigo

## H.A. METZ & CO. Inc.

One Twenty-Two Hudson Street, New York City.  
Boston Philadelphia Providence Chicago  
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## CHECK DEFORD STRAPS

MADE FROM

## NUMBER ONE BELT STOCK

Mill Strapping of All Kinds.

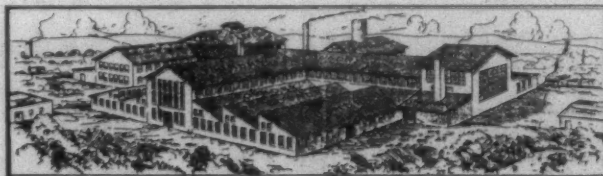
Distributed by Leading Jobbing Houses  
Throughout the United States

If your dealer hasn't them in stock write  
our Boston office, 729 Atlantic Avenue.

## The DEFORD Co.

Baltimore

Boston



MAKERS OF THE MOST SUCCESSFUL  
SHAKING GRATE IN THE SOUTH

Write us for information—

McNaughton Manufacturing Company  
Maryville, Tennessee

## UNIVERSAL WINDING COMPANY — BOSTON



Winding machines for single and ply yarns, cotton, woolen, worsted and silk. Write for circular describing the NEW WIND DOUBLER, also the No. 80 for winding SUPERCONES.

CHARLOTTE OFFICE  
804 Realty Building  
FREDERICK JACKSON

ATLANTA OFFICE  
1121 Candler Bldg.  
WINTHROP S. WARREN

—Agents—

## The Macrodi

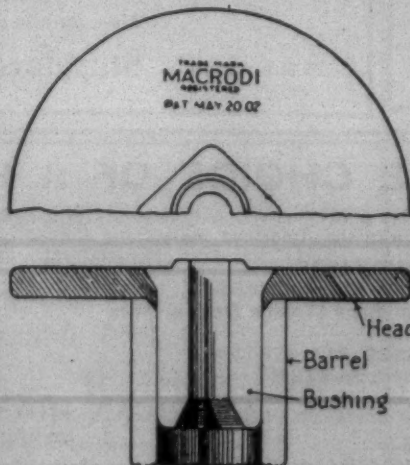
FIBRE HEAD  
WARP SPOOL

after fourteen years of the  
hardest mill use has demon-  
strated that it is

Durable — Economical

Write for particulars of the  
added traverse with corre-  
sponding increase in yardage—  
an important feature of this  
spool.  
Prompt deliveries in two to  
three weeks after receipt of  
order.

MACRODI FIBRE CO.  
Woonsocket, Rhode Island





## Good Time to Overhaul Machinery

Your PRODUCTION as well as the LIFE of your frames depend on the condition in which they are kept. The QUESTION then is, are your frames needing overhauling?

We are the PIONEER OVERHAULERS of the South and are today the LARGEST OVERHAULERS in our special line.

We are in position to furnish men promptly for erecting, moving and overhauling cotton mill machinery.

**SOUTHERN SPINDLE & FLYER COMPANY, Inc.**

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Manufacturers, Overhaulers and Repairers of Cotton Mill Machinery.  
W. H. Monty President and Treas. W. H. Hutchins, Vice Pres. and Sec.

## BOSSON & LANE

Manufacturers

CASTOR OIL, SOLUBLE OIL, BLEACHING OIL, TURKEY RED OIL,  
SNOWFLAKE, SOLUBLE GREASE  
FLAXHORN, ALPHA SODA, OLEINE  
B. & L. ANTI-CHLORINE, SOLUBLE WAX  
BLEACHERS BLUE

Works and Office

Atlantic, Mass.

**STRUCTURAL** and Bar Steel, Ornamental Iron, Fenestra Steel Windows, Chicago Tanks and Towers. REINFORCING BARS AND FENESTRA STEEL WINDOWS in stock in our Charlotte warehouse. Immediate shipment. We are prepared to cut and fabricate reinforcing bars. Send plans or list of material for prices. *Our Engineering Force is at Your Service.*

**SOUTHERN ENGINEERING COMPANY**

504 Realty Building

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

**IF YOUR SPINNING IS NOT PERFECT, WE CAN IMPROVE IT**

**National Ring Traveler Company**

Providence, R. I.

C. D. TAYLOR, Gaffney, S. C. C. D. PEASELEY, Charlotte, N. C.  
SOUTHERN REPRESENTATIVES:

**B X C**

TRADE MARK

**BARBER - COLMAN COMPANY**

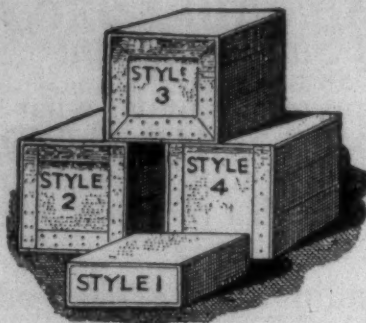
BOSTON, MASS.

MAIN OFFICE AND FACTORY  
ROCKFORD, ILL.

GREENVILLE, S. C.

HAND KNOTTERS AND WARP TYING MACHINES

## Wooden Packing Cases



These boxes are built of timber taken from our own lands, in four styles as shown; present a neat appearance, and are made to carry heavy loads.

*We Solicit a Trial Order*

**White Pine, N. C. Pine, Poplar, Oak and Chestnut**

*We also manufacture Kiln-Dried and Dressed Lumber. Mill Work—Ceiling, Flooring & Mouldings*

**Hutton & Bourbonnais Co.**

Drawer 330

HICKORY, N. C.

## "JUST THINK"

more than 350 Cotton Mills in your section are good customers of ours.

We make and sell the right kind of Paints at the right price. You will save money by getting our quotations before placing your orders.

"EVERYTHING IN PAINTS"

**JOHNSON PAINT CO.**

Manufacturers

ATLANTA, GA.



**Howard Bros. Mfg. Co.**

44 AND 46 VINE STREET

WORCESTER, MASS.

*Manufacturers of*

**CARD CLOTHING**

Cylinder Fillets

Doffer Fillets

Stripper Fillets

Burnisher Fillets

Stripper Sheets

Emery Fillets

Napper Clothing

Hand Cards

Top Flats Reclothed

Steel Twin-wire Heddles

All Sizes and Nos. Wire

**Card Clothing Mounting Machines**

Traverse and Roller Grinders

all accessory

supplies for the Cards

We furnish expert men with machines for mounting our Card Clothing

*Please transmit orders directly to Southern Offices.*

**HOWARD BROS. MFG. CO.**

SOUTHERN BRANCH

**E. M. TERRYBERRY, Sou. Agent**

1126 Healey Building

Phone Ivy 2571

ATLANTA, GA.



**Mr. Mill Owner**  
**Mr. Mill Superintendent**

Do you realize under what strenuous conditions you have been operating your mill for the past four years. During the greater part of that time you were running night and day.

Today conditions have changed—NOW—during the lull is the time to do your repair work and overhauling.

Perhaps you have installed new Card Clothing. But what about your *Brushes*? To make your mill efficient you should back up this new Card Clothing with **NEW BRUSHES**.

NOW is the TIME to have your  
**Top Flat Brushes Refilled**  
and install them along with your New Card Clothing.

**Our Repair Department**  
has been greatly enlarged since we moved into our New Quarters. This enables us to care for a greater volume of **REPAIR WORK** on the shortest possible notice.

*All work Guaranteed to Give Satisfaction*  
ASK FOR ESTIMATES ON YOUR REPAIR WORK

DISTRIBUTORS FOR  
**Garvey Stencil and Marking Ink**

A non-evaporating waterproof Marking Ink which is impossible to rub off. COMES READY FOR USE.

We Manufacture Every Description of Brush used in  
Textile Mills—Your Catalog is Waiting

**Atlanta Brush Co.**

Successors to D. D. Felton Brush Co.  
Central & Trinity Aves. ATLANTA, GA.

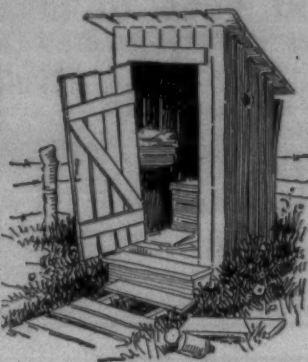


JANUARY EDITION **Clark's Directory of Sou. Textile Mills** PRICE \$2.00

**How Much Longer  
Are You Going to  
Let This Old "Outlaw"  
The Outdoor Toilet**

**Cause Your Family  
A Lot of Personal  
Inconvenience?**

You can do away with the offensive outdoor toilet and provide your family with city comforts and conveniences by installing a **DICKEY SEPTIC TANK**. This modern, home sewage disposal system is buried in the ground. It disposes of sewage waste in a sanitary, odorless manner. Installation cost small. No expense to operate. Hundreds of satisfied users.



**Send for Illustrated  
Descriptive Booklet**

**Chattanooga Sewer Pipe Works Chattanooga, Tenn.**



Here's a good address to remember when  
you need anything in this line

RUBBER STAMPS  
METAL CHECKS

STENCILS  
SEALS

PROMPTLY



PROPERLY

**We are making Brick every day  
and selling all we make**

Our price has been thoroughly liquidated. Now is the time to build.

Write us for price delivered you station and for samples

**YADKIN BRICK YARDS**  
New London, N. C.

**HIRSCH LUMBER COMPANY**  
**YELLOW PINE**

MAIN OFFICE: 26 and 28 Beaver St., New York  
1203-1204-1205 and 1206 Heard National Bank Building  
JACKSONVILLE, FLA.

MILL CONSTRUCTION TIMBERS  
LUMBER FOR THE VILLAGE

PROMPT SERVICE — BEST MATERIAL — CONSISTENT PRICES  
Write JACKSONVILLE OFFICE

**Spartan Sizing Compound Co. Inc.**

MORELAND and WITHERSPOON, SPARTANBURG, S. C.

Manufacturers of  
**Spartan Compounds,**  
Tallows and Gums





## Standard Size of the South

The higher the cost of labor, and the higher the cost of raw materials, the more essential it becomes to have the Slasher-Room on an efficient basis. We cheerfully furnish to all interested our Slasher Efficiency Test Blanks.

### THE SEYDEL MFG. COMPANY

JERSEY CITY, N. J.

Sizings

Softeners

Finishings

Agents,

S. C. Thomas and C. C. Clark  
Spartanburg, S. C.

## Virginia Iron, Coal and Coke Company

Miners, Manufacturers and Shippers of

### COAL AND COKE

ANNUAL CAPACITY 2,000,000 TONS



IMPERIAL  
Steam and Domestic Coal



TOMS CREEK  
Gas, Steam and Domestic Coal  
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Looney Creek  
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General Offices: ROANOKE, VA.

Address: J. F. HUNTER, General Sales Agent



### THEY STAND THE GAFF FOR YEARS

Laminar Mill Receptacles are as smooth as paper, as strong as iron and as light as wood. They will not rust or corrode. In fact, there doesn't seem to be any wear-out to them. They are made of Vul-Cot Fibre—it's as tough as horn.

These Laminar Mill Receptacles are made in the form of trucks, doffing boxes, roving cans and all sorts of special boxes, cans and trays.

#### REMEMBER THAT

Laminar Mill Receptacles that were turned out 25 years ago are still on the job in some of the largest industrial plants in the country.

These are the receptacles you want in your place. Let us send prices and illustrations. Your name and address on a post card will do.

AMERICAN VULCANIZED FIBRE CO.  
Sole proprietors and manufacturers

New England Dept.:  
12 Pearl St., Boston  
C. C. Bell, Vice-Pres.,  
Resident Manager

Head Office & Factories,  
Wilmington, Del.



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MILL RECEPTACLES

## DRAKE CORPORATION

*"Warp Dressing Service  
Improves Weaving"*

NORFOLK - - VIRGINIA

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Works and Main Office

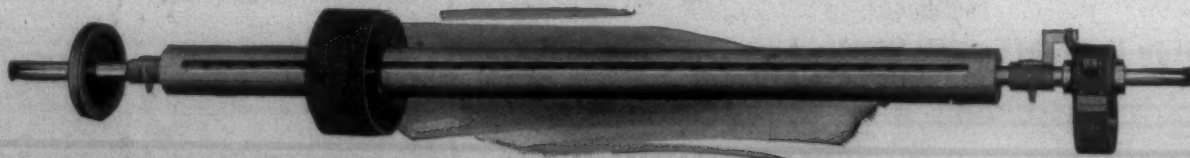
85-105 Doremus Ave., NEWARK, N. J.

Manufacturers of

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Southern Representative, MAX EINSTEIN, P. O. Box 211, Charlotte, N. C.

## Textile Grinding Machinery Of All Kinds



Send in Your Old Grinders to be Repaired

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**B. S. ROY & SON CO., WORCESTER, MASS.**

Established 1868



# Chattanooga Boiler & Tank Co.

Tanks, Towers and Tanks and Standpipes for Water Supply and Sprinkler Systems.  
Tanks for storage of acids and other liquids.  
Smoke Stacks, Breechens and Specials.  
Tanks for all purposes which any reader of this article may have.

*TANKS—any size—any purpose—anywhere*

CHATTANOOGA :: TENNESSEE



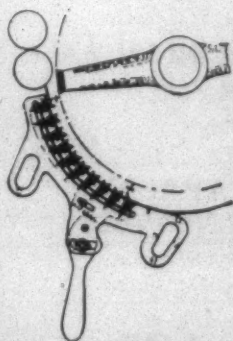
## Ring Traveler Specialists

**U. S. Ring Traveler Co.**  
159 Aborn Street, PROVIDENCE, R. I.

AMOS M. BOWEN, Treasurer

Wm. P. VAUGHAN, Southern Representative  
P. O. Box 792 GREENVILLE, S. C.

U. S. Ring Travelers are **uniformly tempered** which insures even-running spinning. They are also correct as to **weight** and **circles**. Quality guaranteed.



## Less Waste — Cleaner Yarns

### Atherton Adjustable Pin Grids

most manufacturers are adopting, knowing that they will pay for themselves in a short time in the saving of good stock, at high price of COTTON today.

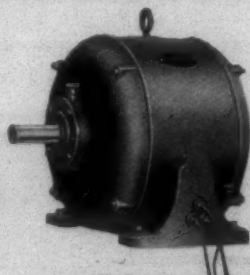
### Atherton Pin Grid Bar Company

L. D. ARMSTRONG, President  
GREENVILLE, S. C. PROVIDENCE, R. I.

## Watson Loom Motors

Fully enclosed, solid housing and end brackets. Grit and dust proof ball bearings.

The many designs of WATSON motors make possible the selection of equipment to meet the particular requirements for any service. Write for bulletin 402.



**High Point Machine Works, Inc. High Point, N.C.**  
Distributors WATSON Motors

## GREENVILLE TEXTILE SUPPLY CO.

Greenville, S. C.

Textile and Electrical Distributors

Chapman Ball Bearings

## Southern Mill Stocks

Quoted By

### R. S. Dickson & Company

Gastonia, N. C.

Greenville, S. C.

For Week Ending April 12, 1921.

	Bid.	Asked.
Acme Spinning Co.	69	73
Aileen Mills	—	59
An American Spinning Co.	—	300
American Yarn & Proc. Co.	120	136
Anderson Cotton Mills	—	105
Arlington Cotton Mills	250	301
Aragon Cotton Mills (S. C.)	—	250
Arcade Cotton Mills	—	116
Arrow Mills	125	140
Augusta Factory	45	56
Belton Cotton Mills	—	115
Beaumont Mfg. Co.	230	250
Bibb Mfg. Co.	185	225
Broad River Mills	160	—
Brogan Mills	—	105
Brown Mfg. Co.	275	—
Clara Mfg. Co.	—	117
Clifton Mfg. Co.	90	100
Cabarrus Cotton Mills	170	—
Chadwick-Hoskins Co. (Par \$25)	—	10 1/2
Chadwick-Hoskins Co., pfd.	—	100
Chiquola Mfg. Co.	275	—
Calhoun Mills	—	250
Cannon Mfg. Co.	185	—
Clover Mills	—	125
Cash Mills	—	30
Climax Spinning Co.	—	116
Crescent Spinning Co.	68	71
Columbus Mfg. Co. (Ga.)	—	201
Consolidated Textile	18	21
Converse, D. E. Co.	—	85
Dacotah Cotton Mills	425	—
Dixon Mills	—	101
Drayton Mills	58	—
Dresden Cotton Mills	215	251
Dunbar Mills	—	115
Dunbar Mills, pfd.	—	85
Durham Hosiery, pfd.	85	91
Durham Hosiery "B"	23	30
Eastern Mfg. Co.	85	111
Eastside Mfg. Co.	35	60
Eagle & Phenix, Ga.	130	190
Efrd Mfg. Co.	—	126
Enterprise Mfg. Co. (Ga.)	100	126
Erwin Cotton Mills Co.	299	306
Erwin Cotton Mills Co., pfd.	101	103
Flint Mfg. Co.	—	250
Gaffney Mfg. Co.	68	71
Gibson Mfg. Co.	175	—
lobe Yarn Mills (N. C.)	54	61
Grace Cotton Mill Co.	—	74
Gray Mfg. Co.	—	290
Glenwood Cotton Mills	—	150
Gluck Mills	—	190
Greenwood Cotton Mills	190	—
Grendel Mills	150	—
Hamrick Mills	—	161
Hanes, P. H. Knitting Co.	12	13
Hanes, P. H. Knit'g Co., pfd.	97	99
Hillside Cotton Mills, Ga.	250	—
Imperial Yarn Mill, N. C.	—	175
Inman Mills	75	—
Jennings Cotton Mill	215	251
Judson Mills	240	—
Judson Mills, pfd.	82	93
King, Jno. P. Mfg. Co.	145	190
Lancaster Cotton Mills	225	—
Limestone Mills	—	161
Lo'a Mfg. Co.	105	121
Locke Cotton Mills Co.	—	125
Laurens Cotton Mills	75	90
Majestic Mfg. Co.	—	161
Mariboro Cotton Mills	48	51
Mills Mill	—	300
Monarch Mills (S. C.)	—	125
Molloy Mfg. Co.	—	200
Myers Mill	75	85
Myrtle Mills	120	136
National Yarn Mills	—	151
Newberry Cotton Mills	—	200
Ninety Six Cotton Mill	215	—
Norcott Mills Co.	250	—
Orr Cotton Mills	—	110
Oscola Mills	—	251
Parkdale Mills	—	146
Pacolet Mfg. Co.	—	190
Pacolet Mfg. Co., pfd.	90	—
Pelzer Mfg. Co.	—	118
Poinsett Mills	—	135
Panola Cotton Mills	—	200
Poe, F. W., Mfg. Co.	—	115
Poinsett Mills	—	140
Ranlo Mfg. Co.	—	96
Rex Spinning Co.	—	130
Rex Spinning Co., pfd.	90	96
Ridge Mills	70	81
Riverside Mills (Par \$12.50)	6 1/2	7 1/2
Riverside and Dan River	270	310
Rowan Cotton Mills Co.	73	—
Rockyface Spinning Co.	—	81
Rhyne-Houser Mfg. Co.	—	81
Saxon Mills	—	100
Seminole Cotton Mills Co.	90	101
Shibley Mfg. Co. (Ga.)	—	70
Spartan Mills	103	114
Sterling Spinning Co.	69	71
Superior Yarn Mills	—	99
Toxaway Mills (Par \$25)	17 1/2	21
Union-Buffero Mills	—	40
Union-Buffero Mills, 1st pfd.	73	76
Union-Buffero Mills, 2d pfd.	28	31
Victor-Monaghan Co.	73	76

Victor-Monaghan Co., pfd.	98	102
Victory Yarn Mills Co.	—	80
Ware Shoals Mfg. Co.	—	201
Watts Mills	—	110
Watts Mills, 1st pfd.	—	88
Winget Yarn Mills Co.	—	73
Wiscasset Mills Co.	210	—
Williamston Mills	220	250
Woodside Cotton Mills	—	115
Woodside Cot. Mills, pfd.	71	74
Woodruff Cotton Mills	—	300

## A. M. Law & Co.

SPARTANBURG, S. C.

### BROKERS

Dealers in Mill Stocks and other  
Southern Securities.

## SOUTHERN COTTON MILL STOCKS.

For Week Ending April 11, 1921.

	Bid.	Asked.
Abbeville Cotton Mills	—	105
American Spinning Co.	—	300
Anderson Cotton Mills, com.	105	—
Aragon Mills	—	250
Arcade Cotton Mills	—	115
Arcadia Mills	200	—
Arkwright Mills	200	—
Augusta Factory, Ga.	58	70
Avondale Mills, Ala.	500	—
Banna Mills	—	125
Beaumont Mfg. Co.	235	—
Belton Cotton Mills	—	125
Brogan Mills	—	110
Calhoun Mills	—	250
Chesnee Mills	—	300
Chiquola Mills, com.	—	300
Chiquola Mills, pfd.	70	72
Clifton Mfg. Co.	90	100
Clinton Cotton Mills	200	—
Columbus Mfg. Co., Ga.	165	200
Cowpens Mills	—	80
D. E. Converse Co.	—	85
Dallas Mfg. Co., Ala.	164	240
Darlington Mfg. Co.	—	155
Drayton Mills	60	72
Dunbar Mills, com.	—	105
Dunbar Mills, pfd.	76	86
Eagle & Phenix Mills, Ga.	120	—
Enterprise Mfg. Co., Ga.	—	125
Exposition C. Mills, Ga., VTC	550	—
Gainesville C. Mills, Ga., com	100	200
Gaffney Mfg. Co.	—	75
Glenwood Mills	—	155
Guck Mills	—	190
Graniteville Mfg. Co.	—	400
Greenwood Cotton Mills	200	—
Grendel Mills	150	200
Hamrick Mills	—	160
Hartsville Cotton Mills	305	—
Henrietta Mills, N. C.	—	350
Hermitage Mills	100	—
Inman Mills	80	—
Inman Mills, pfd.	90	95
Internat. Mills, com. (par \$50)	40	43
Jackson Mills	—	325
Judson Mills	225	325
Judson Mills, pfd.	80	90
King, John P. Mfg. Co. (Ga.)	—	185
Lancaster Cotton Mills	235	—
Laurens Cotton Mills	105	—
Limestone Cotton Mills	—	160
Marion Mfg. Co., N. C.	—	175
Mariboro Mills	45	53
Massachusetts Mills, Ga.	141	146
Mills Mfg. Co.	—	250
Monarch Mills	—	125
Newberry Cotton Mills	—	205
Ninety Six Mills	150	—
Norris Cotton Mills	—	190
Oconee Mills, com.	200	—
Orr Cotton Mills	—	125
Pacolet Mfg. Co.	125	—
Pacolet Mfg. Co., pfd.	91	95
Panola Mills	—	200
Palham Mills	—	100
Pelzer Mfg. Co.	—	120
Pickens Cotton Mills	—	170
Piedmont Mfg. Co.	—	150
Poe, F. W., Mfg. Co.	—	120
Poinsett Mills	—	140
Riverside Mills, Com. (Par \$12.50)	—	10
Saxon Mills	—	100
Sibley Mfg. Co., Ga.	—	70
Spartan Mills	105	120
Toxaway Mills, com. (Par \$25)	—	21
Tucapau Mills	—	230
Union-Buffero Mills, com.	—	40
Union-Buffero Mills, 1st pfd.	75	80
Union-Buffero Mills, 2d pfd.	30	33
Victor-Monaghan Co., com.	72	76
Victor-Monaghan Co., pfd.	96	100
Ware Shoals Mfg. Co.	—	200
Watts Mills, com.	—	115
Watts Mills, 1st pfd.	—	85
Watts Mills, 2d pfd.	—	95
Whitney Mfg. Co.	—	200
Williamston Mills	200	—
Woodruff Cotton Mills	—	300
Woodside Cotton Mills, com.	—	120
Woodside Cotton Mills, pfd.	72	76
W. S. Gray Cotton Mills	100	110



## Knit Goods

Philadelphia — Many knit goods manufacturers are reported to see in the attitude of jobbers a hidden motive for refusing to operate on better than a hand-to-mouth basis on the ground they are not satisfied with prices or that they do not have confidence in the financial responsibility of the retailer when it comes to requirements for more than 30 to 60 days. Jobbers want concessions which they appear to believe can be forced from mills through a low market of their own making, is the opinion of some of the larger mill executives.

In the last week a number of manufacturers are reported to have received a letter from a well known jobbing house in Omaha. All letters, personally addressed, are said to be identical and signed by the buyer for the house. He says he must have terms of 2-10-60 extra, that he is directed to give preference to mills billing merchandise on such terms. "Otherwise," he continued, "he could not conduct his department under his appropriation."

Some of the manufacturers addressed said they could not conduct their mills on such terms, unless they made provision for additional capital, one suggesting that the buyer urge his house to add sufficient capital for enabling it to grant him a larger appropriation for his department. Another pointed out that yarn bills must be paid on the 10th of the month following delivery and wages paid every two weeks. "In the circumstances," this manufacturer wrote, "much as we prize your account we will have to forego the pleasure of supplying you from our mill on better than 30 days net, 2 off 10."

In the mill office sections of New York the opinion was freely expressed that comparatively few manufacturers would agree to the proposal that mills carry the jobbers' accounts with retailers. "That's what it means," said the sales manager for a Central West mill. "If ever we are forced to grant such terms as this house craves, we shall go direct to retailers. We easily could get 10 to 12 per cent under jobber prices and even after allowing the retailer terms of 2-10-60 extra, have a better profit than by selling the wholesalers. We happen to know the jobber needs merchandise, and believe we can better afford to wait for him to buy on usual terms than to make concessions that would bind us for years. The wholesaler wants to be guaranteed that he cannot lose if he buys on the present market and in addition wants manufacturers to practically finance his business. All we will guarantee is that we will deliver every dozen sold, and at the sale price, whether it goes up or down. Merchants buying from our mill will have to do the rest."

### No Shortage in Silk Hosiery.

The urgent demand for full fashioned silk hosiery has led conservative trade leaders to inquire into the situation to determine whether there was any basis for the belief in many quarters that there was a scarcity of this class of goods. Inquiry among these trade factors has developed the fact that they have become convinced there is no shortage and that such a condition is not imminent. One of the officials of a big concern specializing in this class of merchandise said that there was enough silk hosiery to cover all requirements.

### Demand for Spring Underwear.

Manufacturers in the underwear market who are of an optimistic turn of mind are pointing to the spirited business in spring lines. Very little reference is being made in the trade to the buying for fall. The reason for this is quite apparent, for there is practically very little business for forward delivery, jobbers and retailers confining themselves almost exclusively for the time being to sending in orders for spring merchandise and demanding immediate delivery. Inasmuch as the mills have not stocked up, the question of delivery is one which is causing jobbers considerable worry.

### Fall Underwear Prices Firm.

Commenting on the reluctance of buyers to place orders for fall underwear, several selling agents declared that jobbers invariably say that they cannot do any buying until prices have stabilized. If pressed for a more definite explanation they will state that the lowest price level has not yet been reached and that manufacturers are underbidding each other.

### Knitted Outerwear Convention.

New York City has been decided upon for the second semi-annual convention of the National Knitted Outerwear Association, according to the latest bulletin issued by this organization. The convention will be for directors and members both and will be held in September. The exact date will be announced later.

### Buyer Believes Shortage Due.

The belief that buyers are beginning to realize the necessity of placing their orders for fall underwear now or run the risk of having their orders turned down later and of being left without goods was expressed by a resident buyer for Southern interests.

He said he was firmly convinced the short manufacturing season would make it impossible for the mills to produce all the goods that would be needed, and that the situation was aggravated by the fact that long idleness has deteriorated machinery. Furthermore, he said, new workmen must be broken in, causing constant loss in production.

Teddy: "Pa!"

Pa: "Certainly, Teddy."

Teddy: "Where's the wind when it don't blow?"

## M E R R O W I N G

Established 1838

FOR—

Stocking Welting  
Toe Closing  
Mock Seaming

Maximum Production  
Minimum Cost of Upkeep  
Unexcelled Quality of Work

THE MERROW MACHINE COMPANY

20 Laurel Street, Hartford, Conn.

## Emmons Loom Harness Company

The Largest Manufacturers of Loom Harness and Reeds in America

Loom Harness and Reeds

Slasher and Striking Combs Warps and Leice Reeds,  
Beamer and Dresser Hecks, Mending Eyes, Jacquard  
Heddles

LAWRENCE, MASS.

## STOCKS

Hill, Clark & Company

COTTON MILL STOCKS A SPECIALTY

41 S Church St., Charlotte, N. C.

## BONDS

## "COLUMBUS TAPE"

Spinning Tape

Universal Winder Belt

Twister Tape

Loom Beam Friction Lining

Georgia Webbing & Tape Co., Columbus, Ga.

Manufacturers Should Look Up the Advantages of

## Metallic Drawing Roll

Over the leather system before placing orders for new machinery, or if contemplating an increase in production, have them applied to their old machinery. It is applied successfully to the following carding room machinery:

Railways

Sliver Lap Machines

Ribbon Lap Machines

Comber Draw Boxes

Detaching Roll for Combers

Drawing Frames

Slubbers

Intermediate Frames

25 TO 33 PER CENT. MORE PRODUCTION  
GUARANTEED

For Prices and Circular Write to

The Metallic Drawing Roll Co.

INDIAN ORCHARD, MASS.



Sole Selling Agents  
**CLARENCE WHITMAN & SON, INC.**

**MERCHANDISING  
FOR TEXTILE MILLS**

354 Fourth Avenue  
New York City

Chicago St Louis Philadelphia San Francisco

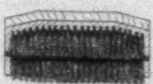
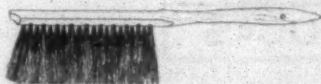
**Carolina Sizing & Chemical Company**

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

*Manufacturers of O. K. PRODUCTS*

O. K. TALLOW  
SOLUBLE OILS

O. K. SIZING  
TALC



### A Brush For Every Purpose

Forced to double our capacity in 7 months. Try us

**Carolina Brush Company**

208 Arlington Ave.

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

## Bleachers Blue, That Correct Tone

which appeals to the experienced eye of the buyer of white goods is produced by using Marston's Bleachers Blue. Costs no more than the "just as good" and will give the results desired

*Fast and Uniform*

**John P. Marston Company**

247 Atlantic Avenue, Boston

## OUR SPINNING RINGS---SINGLE OR DOUBLE FLANGE

Start Easiest, Run Smoothest, Wear Longest!

**PAWTUCKET SPINNING RING CO.**

CENTRAL FALLS, R. I.

## REEVES BROTHERS

Selling Agents for Southern Mills Producing  
**COTTON FABRICS**

For Converting, Manufacturing, Jobbing and Export Trades  
55 Leonard Street NEW YORK CITY

LOOM-LUBRIK TWISTER RING GREASE  
MYCO GREASE SIZE

MYCO FLUIDO  
REMOVOIL

**MASURY-YOUNG COMPANY**

62 Years in Business

BOSTON, MASS.

Disinfectants, Spot Removers, Greases, etc.

# Cotton Goods

New York—During the past week there has been very little business and hardly enough sales to serve as a test for price quotations.

Evidence is offered by gray cloth buyers of accumulations of many kinds of cloths in mill centers. Scarcity in some constructions in print cloth and fine yarn cloths is unavoidable, but it is a scarcity due as much to irregular distribution and unsatisfactory price as it is to any lack of actual merchandise in being. It is an old story that a manufacturer does not willingly curtail production merely to help a market. He does it to help or alleviate his own condition, and he will go on producing just as long as his financial condition will permit or his prudence dictate.

Ginghams have been priced for fall on the basis of spring values. The largest producer of prints and percales has decided to make no change in fall prices. Bleached muslins for fall are being held firmer on branded lines.

Leading selling agencies handling branded cotton goods are doing what they can to hold the market steady by declining to make lower prices for future delivery goods at this time. Where it is necessary that buyers shall have goods on order so that they may be in hand next month, when retailers will want more, some houses will place goods on memorandum. In some quarters consideration is being given to the charging of purchases after June 1, although deliveries may be made before then.

The presence of unusually large numbers of buyers in the markets at this time of the year is explained by the need for goods and the desire to shop around in the markets instead of ordering by mail or depending upon traveling salesmen. Buyers are being sent to the markets each week by many large houses and are instructed by merchandise managers to purchase within the defined limits given them before they leave home. This makes it difficult for many traders to get action from the understudies of merchandise managers, and it is hastening the competition that gets prices low but does not always net real orders.

The mills continue to curtail their output as orders expire, and those mills making unfinished cloths are much less active than those making well known standards goods ready for the counters. Cotton goods for general manufacturing purposes are much slower than goods for retailing and jobbing.

Current prices on cotton goods at first hands are:

Print cloths, 7 cents; brown sheetings, Southern standard, 9½ cents; tickings, 8-ounce, 18 cents; denims 220s, indigo, 12 cents; staple ginghams, 13½ cents; dress ginghams, 15 and 17 cents.

### Hester's Weekly Movement.

	This year	Last year
Weeks into sight.	133,895	137,092
Into sight since		
Aug. 1 .....	8,539,298	10,056,927
American visible.	4,156,335	4,315,048
Exports for week.	64,046	121,456
Exports since Au-		
gust 1 .....	3,809,291	5,295,025
Port stocks .....	1,419,168	1,214,548
Interior stocks .....	1,369,686	1,001,242
Mill takings for		
week .....	160,000	185,000
Mill takings since		
August 1 .....	7,137,000	9,919,000

"Did you read about the man who swallowed his teaspoon?"  
"No; what happened to him?"  
"Why, he can't stir."

### Improved Dobby Chain



**Dobby Cords**

**Rice Dobby Chain Co.**  
Millbury, Mass.

Send Us Your Order To-day

## Textile Mill Floors Scrubbing Powder



As you resume operation don't forget to order *Mi-Cleanser* to clean up your floors.

Manufactured exclusively for  
Your Needs.

Absolutely does not leave any  
Slick or Slippery surface.

**Champion Chemical Co.**

Charlie Nichols, General Manager  
Asheville, N. C.



# The Yarn Market

Philadelphia—Cotton yarns have been very dull during the past week but have been steadier than for some time and are firmly resisting lower prices. Eighteens, 20s, and 24s frame spun carded cones have been stiffened in price to the extent of half a cent. Otherwise, Southern carded skeins, warps, tubes and cones have remained motionless. There have been sales, both above and below the accepted market range in certain counts, but in these cases, the prices paid were governed by special considerations. In Northern yarns on cones, the carded numbers were very dull, and there were only occasional small lot sales reported of mule spun combed peeler cones, with the coarser and medium counts a little cheaper than heretofore.

Local distributors insist that their customers are showing increased interest in yarns and attribute this to either one of two things: The customers may be getting more business or they may have become impressed by the reports of curtailment among the spinners.

Spinners of weaving yarns appear content to hold prices to their present general level, but knitting yarns offered here this week from Southern mill stocks indicate attempts to move the rates up. Notwithstanding the fact that there are very ample stocks of carded knitting yarns already on hand here, spinners have arranged for additional shipments to some of the local houses, at prices slightly above those which sellers here generally agree upon as representing the market. Forties single carded cones at 40 cents a pound are an example of this.

According to general report, there is a somewhat better inquiry today, but it is scattered throughout the list and most of it comes from out of town mills. Relatively little of this inquiry has thus far developed into business and the orders that materialize usually involve only a few cases of yarn. The market takes encouragement, however, from this indication of livelier interest, at least, than buyers have shown for several weeks.

At present it appears that the daily fluctuations in cotton are having no influence whatever on yarn rates. This had been expected, in view of the large surplus of yarns held here and in the South. But with spinners' curtailment apparently making very notable progress, yarn distributors look forward to a time, possibly within the next few weeks, when yarns will no longer be immune to the influence of cotton price movements. This applies, it is conceded, only to cotton price fluctuations as they are taking place at present, within comparatively narrow limits. Should a decided trend develop in cotton, in either direction, yarns would certainly follow in the course of a few days, but this is not expected.

Southern Two-Ply Chain Warps, Etc.	
6s to 10s.20 @21	2-ply 26s.25 1/2 @
12s to 14s.21 @21 1/2	2-ply 30s.27 @28
2-ply 16s.22 1/2 @	2-ply 40s.38 @39
2-ply 20s.23 @	2-ply 50s.55 @58
2-ply 24s.25 @	

Southern Two-Ply Skeins.	
6s to 10s.20 @	36s.36 @
10s to 12s.21 @	40s.37 @40
14s.21 1/2 @	50s.50 @52
16s.22 @	60s.60 @
20s.23 @	Upholstery
24s.24 1/2 @	Yarns
26s.25 @	5s, 4 & 5-ply.17 @

Duck Yarns.	
3, 4 & 5-ply skeins—	3, 4, & 5-ply skeins—
8s.20 @	16s.22 @
10s.21 @	20s.24 @

Southern Single Chain Warps.	
6s to 12s.20 @	24s.25 @
14s.20 1/2 @	26s.26 @
16s.21 1/2 @	30s.28 @
20s.23 @	40s.38 @
22s.24 @	

Southern Single Skeins.	
6s to 8s.19 1/2 @	20s.23 @
10s.20 @	22s.23 1/2 @
12s.21 @	24s.24 @
14s.21 1/2 @	26s.25 @
16s.22 @	30s.28 @

Southern Frame Cones.	
8s.21 1/2 @	22s.24 @
10s.22 @	24s.25 @
12s.23 1/2 @	26s.26 @
14s.23 @	30s.28 @27
16s.23 1/2 @	30s extra.28 @30
18s.24 @	40s.38 @38
20s.24 @	

Southern Combed Peeler Skeins, Etc.	
2-ply 30s.48 @50	2-ply 60s.70 @75
2-ply 36s.58 @	2-ply 70s.85 @
2-ply 40s.60 @	2-ply 80s.95 @1.00
2-ply 50s.65 @	

Combed Peeler Cones.	
10s.37 @	28s.47 @
12s.38 @	30s.50 @
14s.39 @	32s.52 @
16s.40 @	34s.54 @
18s.41 @	36s.56 @
20s.42 @	40s.60 @
22s.43 @	50s.75 @
24s.44 @	60s.85 @
26s.45 @	

## World's Capacity for Cotton Goods.

(Continued from page 7.)

ery of our cotton trade with India.

Then there is a feature not novel since I wrote, but one which I had overlooked. I refer to the enormous rise in the costs of manufacture in this country. While the prices of raw cotton have come down nearly to pre-war figures, the cost of spinning yarns—and I presume also of all manufacturing and finishing processes—are still so inflated that the finished goods cannot be sold except at prices far above the pre-war figures. The effect of this will vary in different cases, according as the cost of raw cotton is a larger or smaller proportion of the whole cost. But in cases of fine yarns within my own knowledge, even if the cotton were the same price as before the war, the working costs are so greatly increased that the yarns made from it would now be costing twice as much as they did then.

In the fact of such an increase it seems to me very doubtful if our export trade can be maintained, and as regards the bigger question of the place of cotton goods in the world at large as compared with other commodities, there seems to me to be some danger that if the cost of manufacture is so greatly increased the relative cheapness of the raw material will hardly suffice to retain the pre-eminence of cotton as a textile material.

D. H. Mauney, Pres. Phil S. Steel, Vice-Pres. Jno. J. George, 2nd V.-Pres.  
J. S. P. Carpenter, Treasurer D. A. Rudisill, Secretary

## Mauney-Steel Company COTTON YARNS

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As job dyers we color over a million pounds of cotton and of worsted a year. Let us serve you. Our representative will be glad of an opportunity to see you and fully explain all details.

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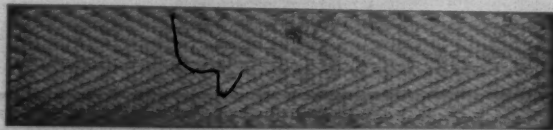
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AND  
Bandings



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## Want Department

If you are needing men for any position or have second hand machinery, etc., to sell the want columns of the **Southern Textile Bulletin** affords the best medium for advertising the fact.

### Man to Erect Shafting.

Wanted—To engage a capable shafting man to install the shafting and pulleys in a five thousand spindle weaving mill. Convince us of your ability to do the job and state wages expected. We will pay transportation both ways. Address C. H. Cole, Opp, Ala.

### Carder Grinder.

Want good card grinder for 20 H. & B. cards and to work as second hand. Good wages. Address Grinder, care Southern Textile Bulletin.

### Second Hand.

Want second hand for spinning room of 5,000 spindles in good mill, paying good wages. Address Cones, care Southern Textile Bulletin.

### Wanted.

A first-class card grinder for 42 H. & B. cards. Prefer man experienced on the above cards. Address J. S. Bailey, Overseer Carding, Caswell Cotton Mills, Kinston, N. C.

Experienced Leather Belting salesmen with following to handle established trade of large transmission belting manufacturer. Give experience. Address Leather, care Southern Textile Bulletin.

### Shipping Clerk.

Wants position in large mill. Six years' experience. Age 32. 2902, care Southern Textile Bulletin.

### Bookkeeper-Accountant.

Want position as bookkeeper and accountant with cotton mill and office experience, handling pay roll, etc. Twenty-two years of age. Can furnish best of references. Wish to connect with firm where there is chance for promotion. Address T, care Southern Textile Bulletin.

### SAVE YOUR WASTE PAPER

Bale It—We Buy It.  
**CAROLINA JUNK & HIDE CO.**  
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### For Sale.

3,000 6x6 Spools, new; 3 6-spindle Lazenby Quillers; 1 40-inch Lowell Folder; 10 36-in. C. & K. Heavy Duck Looms; 50 36-in. Light C. & K. Looms; 1 40-in. Brusher. M. B. Pitts, Pitts Cotton Mfg. Co., Elberton, Ga.

### Attention Mr. Mill Man.

The cloth market is lower than for years. Low costs and maximum production is the slogan of all mills. Do you need the services of an expert on factory costs, a bookkeeper, accountant and a No. 1 office manager, capable of acting as Secretary or Sec. and Treas.? Excellent experience and references. Address Secretary, care Southern Textile Bulletin.

### Slasher and Warper.

Wanted at once, a first-class Slasher and Warper man. Must be willing to work either day or night. Six slashers, twelve beam warpers, plain work. Address Slasher, care Southern Textile Bulletin.

### Wanted.

A good man as manager and superintendent of a ten thousand spindle yarn mill, is located in a good town where there are the best schools in the State and a good, healthy, cheap place to live. Man must be good, steady and reliable and would expect him to take some stock. Present manager wanting to retire from the mill business. Address Manager, care Southern Textile Bulletin.

### Local Salesmen.

Men acquainted with the mill buyers and knowing leather transmission belting can make good connection by writing full information. Part time only expected. Address Belt, care Southern Textile Bulletin.

### WANTED

1 Sliver Lap Machine, 1 Ribbon Lap Machine, 8 Combers. Nasmith or Whitin. Must be latest pattern, first class condition, right price.

MAGNOLIA MILLS, Charlotte, N. C.

### SYDNOR PUMP & WELL CO.

Richmond, Va.  
Supplying Cotton Mills with  
Water for 30 Years

### Wanted.

One twister, 160 to 180 spindle, 2 1/4 ring, 3-inch gauge; one Lindsey Hyde reel. Both must be in good running condition. State best cash price and when can deliver. Jno. A. Isenhower, Treas., Blue Ridge Cotton Mill, Conover, N. C.

### Overseer Cloth Room.

Wanted—One first-class overseer for Cloth Room, a man who has had experience on outtings and all kinds of napped goods. Apply A. L. Bain, Superintendent Roanoke Mills Company, Roanoke Rapids, N. C.

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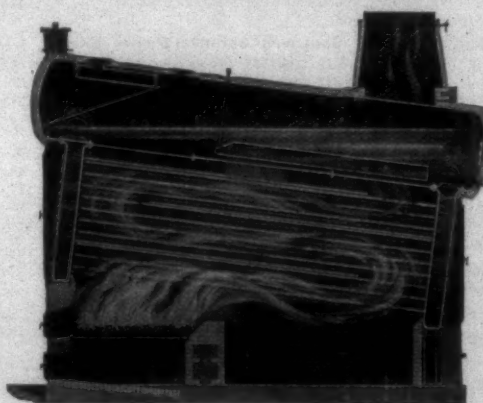
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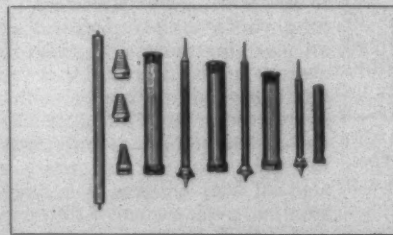
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"Wear Well" Leather Packings—True to their name.

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# EMPLOYMENT BUREAU

The fee for joining our employment bureau for three months is \$2.00 which will also cover the cost of carrying a small advertisement for one month.

If the applicant is a subscriber to the Southern Textile Bulletin and his subscription is paid up to the date of his joining the employment bureau the above fee is only \$1.00.

During the three months' membership we send the applicant notices of all vacancies in the position which he desires.

We do not guarantee to place every man who joins our employment bureau, but we do give them the best service of any employment bureau connected with the Southern Textile Industry.

WANT position as overseer of weaving. Long experience on various lines of goods. Best of references. Address No. 3012.

WANT position as overseer of weaving in large mill. 18 years experience on colored and white work on Draper and Crompton looms. Can furnish reference. Address No. 3013.

WANT position as overseer of weaving. Best of reference as to character and ability to handle job and manage help. Address No. 3014.

WANT position as overseer of weaving in large mill. Experienced on denims and heavy cloths. Best of reference. Address No. 3015.

WANT position as superintendent of small weave mill or overseer of spinning in large mill. Practical spinner and can successfully handle weaving on plain goods. Age 33, married. Can change on two weeks notice. Address No. 3016.

WANT position as overseer of spinning by man 45 years old with 15 years experience as overseer and several years in other capacity. Best of reference. Address No. 3017.

WANT position as superintendent or overseer of large weave room. Long experience and able to get satisfactory results on large job. Address No. 3018.

WANT position as overseer of weaving in large mill. Long and varied experience. Can give satisfaction on any job. Address No. 3020.

WANT position as superintendent of yarn mill or overseer of carding. Would consider new mill and take some stock in same. Address No. 3021.

WANT position as superintendent of small mill. Reference as to ability and character. Address No. 3022.

WANT position as superintendent. Thoroughly capable to handle any medium sized mill and record has been without reproach. Can furnish references from all former employers as to ability and character. Address No. 3023.

WANT position as superintendent of medium size yarn mill. Can furnish reference as to character and ability. Address No. 3024.

WANT position as superintendent of small mill or overseer of carding or spinning. Can furnish references from present and former employers. Address No. 3025.

WANT position as superintendent by a man with a record of 8 years as assistant superintendent of present position. Wish, for a good reason, to make a change. Would consider overseer of carding or spinning or both in good mill. Best of reference furnished, including present employer. Address No. 3026.

WANT position as superintendent of good sized mill. Long experience in mill business and can give satisfaction. Address No. 3027.

WANT position as overseer of carding or spinning. Long experience as overseer and have good reference as to character and ability. Address No. 3028.

WANT position as superintendent of yarn mill; 20 years experience as overseer, 12 years on present job. Have made good so far and anxious for advancement. Address No. 3029.

WANT position as superintendent of large cotton mill by man of long experience. Can furnish good reference as to character and ability. Address No. 2671.

WANT position as superintendent of overseer of carding and spinning. Can give excellent reference as to character and ability. Address No. 3031.

WANT position as superintendent or overseer of carding. Twenty-five years experience on all kinds of coarse and fine yarns. Good reference as to character and ability. Address No. 3033.

WANT position as overseer of weaving by man capable of handling large room. Have had charge of some of the largest rooms in South and can furnish excellent references. Address No. 3034.

WANT position as overseer of weaving in large mill. Experienced on many lines of cloth. Can give satisfactory reference as to character and ability. Address No. 3035.

WANT position as superintendent or overseer of carding or spinning. Can give reference as to character and ability. Address No. 3036.

WANT position as superintendent of mill where an experienced man is needed. Can get results and give satisfaction. Address No. 3037.

WANT position as superintendent of good mill in Georgia. Have had many years experience and can give satisfaction on any job. Address No. 3038.

WANT position as superintendent or overseer of spinning. Long experience, and can give good reference as to experience and ability. Address No. 3039.

WANT position as overseer of carding in mill located in North Carolina. Can give reference; 40 years old, married. Address No. 3040.

WANT position as overseer of spinning or spinning and twisting; 36 years old, married, have small family; can give good references. Now overseer of spinning but for good reason would like change. Address No. 3041.

WANT position as overseer of weaving in mill on plain goods at not less than \$5.00 per day. Six years' experience as overseer and can furnish reference from present and past employers. Address No. 3042.

WANT position as overseer of weaving. Six years experience on plain and fancy work. Can furnish satisfactory references and handle any size job. Address No. 3043.

WANT position as hosiery mill manager or superintendent; 20 years experience on all grades of hosiery from yarn to shipping and selling the product. Good manager of help. Can get production when others fail. Address No. 3044.

WANT position as superintendent or overseer of weaving, dyeing, or finishing. Have had experience on all lines and can furnish reference as to character and ability from former employers. Address No. 3045.

WANT position as overseer of weaving in large mill or superintendent of medium size mill. Been overseer of weaving on present job for 14 years and giving satisfaction but want better job. Would not accept job paying less than \$2400 per year. Forty-six years old. Experienced on drills, twills and sheetings. Address No. 3046.

WANT position as superintendent or overseer of carding. Can handle any size job. Long experience. Address No. 3047.

WANT position as master mechanic. Address No. 3048.

WANT position as superintendent of yarn mill or overseer of carding or spinning in large mill. Address No. 3049.

WANT position as superintendent or overseer of carding, large mill. Can give excellent references. Address No. 3050.

WANT position as overseer of weaving. Can furnish excellent reference and give satisfaction. Address No. 3051.

WANT position as superintendent of mill where a capable man is needed and where quality and production are wanted. Now assistant superintendent of large mill but want chance to demonstrate ability. Address No. 3052.

WANT position as overseer of weaving in room equipped with Draper looms or second hand job in large weave room. Thoroughly reliable and capable. Address No. 3053.

WANT position as superintendent. Can furnish reference as to character and ability. Address No. 3054.

WANT position as superintendent or overseer of carding and spinning in large mill. Now employed as superintendent of three mills. For good reasons would like to make change. Have been overseer or superintendent or overseer for 30 years. Address No. 3055.

WANT position as buyer, grader, assistant manager, assistant superintendent, or combination position. Qualified by education and experience. Now hold good position but wish to change locality. Address No. 3056.

WANT position as overseer of weaving in good weave room. Can give good reference as to character and ability. Address No. 3057.

WANT position as overseer of cloth room by man experienced on drills, sheetings, shirtings, print cloth, and domestics. Forty-one years of age and have had 20 years experience in cloth room. Address No. 3058.

WANT position as overseer of carding and spinning or spinning in large room. Now employed but have good reasons for making change. Address No. 3059.

WANT position as superintendent or overseer of cloth room or weave room. Experienced in either line. Married, sober, and can give reference. Address No. 3060.

WANT position as overseer of carding. Have long experience as overseer, and 39 years of age, can handle any size job. Can furnish best of reference from former employers if desired. Address No. 3061.

WANT position as master mechanic in large mill using steam or electric power. Can give satisfaction. Best of reference. Address No. 3062.

WANT position as overseer of carding in North or South Carolina. Have been overseer of carding for some time in two of the large mills in North Carolina. Can give reference and come at once. Address No. 3063.

WANT position as overseer of weaving on plain or fancy goods. Textile graduate with 18 years experience, 5 as overseer, can furnish reference, 36 years of age, married. Address No. 3064.

WANT position as superintendent of small plain weaving or yarn mill or overseer of plain weaving. Can furnish good references as to character and ability; married; age 38. Address No. 3065.

WANT position as overseer of carding and spinning. Long experience and capable of producing results and satisfaction in mill of any size making any numbers of yarns. Can furnish references if wanted. Address No. 3066.

WANT position as overseer of weaving in mill making fancy goods. Long experience in weave room and can furnish good reference. Just completed I. C. S. course on fancy weaving and designing. Address No. 3067.

WANT position as master mechanic. Twenty years experience in some of the largest cotton mills in North and South Carolina. Thoroughly competent to take charge of large mill with electric or steam drive. Reference as to character and ability. Address No. 3068.

WANT position as overseer of carding or spinning in large mill or both in small mill. Have had long experience on all counts of yarn and can give excellent references as to character and ability. Address No. 3069.

WANT position as superintendent. Special experience in both combed carding and spinning of fine yarns. Good reference. Address No. 3070.

WANT position as superintendent of small mill or overseer of weave room in large mill. Experienced on ducks, osenaburgs, prints, drills, twines, and can give good reference. Now employed. Address No. 3071.

WANT position as overseer of carding and spinning in large mill or superintendent of medium size mill. Can furnish satisfactory reference as to character and ability. Address No. 3072.

WANT position as superintendent or overseer of carding or spinning. Long varied experience on large range of numbers. Can furnish references. Address No. 3073.

WANT position as overseer of carding in large mill. Best of references. Have had several years experience. 38 years old. Address No. 3074.

WANT position as superintendent or carder and spinner in large yarn mill. Long experience and can furnish excellent references. Address No. 3075.

WANT position as superintendent of either yarn or weaving mill, have had several years experience in both plain and fancy weaving. Am now employed as superintendent in large yarn mill. Good reason for wishing to change. Can furnish reference upon request. Address No. 3076.

WANT position as overseer of spinning in large mill. Long experience in large mill and would change only for first-class place with good salary. Address No. 3077.

WANT position as overseer of carding or second hand in large mill. Can give good references as to character and ability. Address No. 3078.

WANT position as overseer of spinning. Long experience on all number of yarn and a good manager of help. Address No. 3079.

WANT position as superintendent of good mill by man who has had long and varied experience and is considered one among the best practical men in the business. Would consider large weave room or carding and spinning. Reference if wanted. Address No. 3080.

WANT position as superintendent of good mill on white or colored work, plain or fancy. Experienced on all kinds of work and have handled two or three good jobs with satisfaction. Address No. 3081.

WANT position as overseer of large spinning room. Long experience on wide range of yarns. Good references as to character and ability. Address No. 3082.

WANT position as overseer of weaving in North or South Carolina or Georgia. Have been running weave room for number of years. Experienced on both plain and fancies. Can furnish reference as to character and ability. Address No. 3083.

WANT position as superintendent of mill by man of good habits and ability to get results. Will go anywhere if right kind of offer is made. Would consider large card room or spinning room. Address No. 3084.

WANT position as superintendent of small yarn mill or weaving mill or carder and spinner in medium size mill or overseer spinning in large mill. No less than \$24.00 per week and house rent free considered. Address No. 3085.

WANT position as superintendent or overseer weaving in large mill on either plain or fancy work, have had experience with both positions and can give good references as to ability and character. Address No. 3086.

WANT position as superintendent of good yarn mill. Long experience and considered one of best carders in south. Best of reference. Address No. 3087.

WANT position as overseer of weaving in North or South Carolina. Have been running weave room for number of years and can furnish reference as to character and ability. Address No. 3088.

WANT position as engineer and master mechanic in good mill. Would prefer job in South Carolina or Georgia. Long experience and good reference. Address No. 3089.

WANT position as overseer of cloth room or second hand in large cloth room. Prefer white goods. Married, 33 years of age, 18 years in mill, 13 years as overseer. Address No. 3090.

WANT position as overseer of weaving. Experienced on sheetings, drills, chambrays, coverts, plaids, etc. Can handle any size job. Best of reference. Would consider second hand job in large mill. Address No. 3091.



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Courtney Co., Dana S.  
Draper Corporation.  
Macrodil Fibre Co.
- BOBBINS**—  
Courtney, The Dana S., Co.  
Jordan Mfg. Co.
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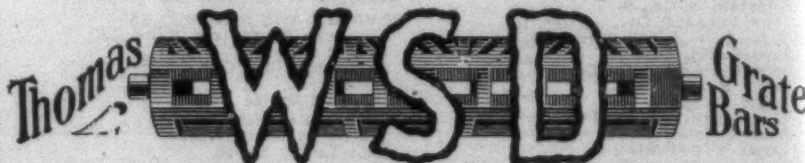
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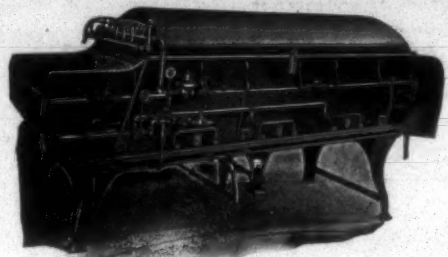
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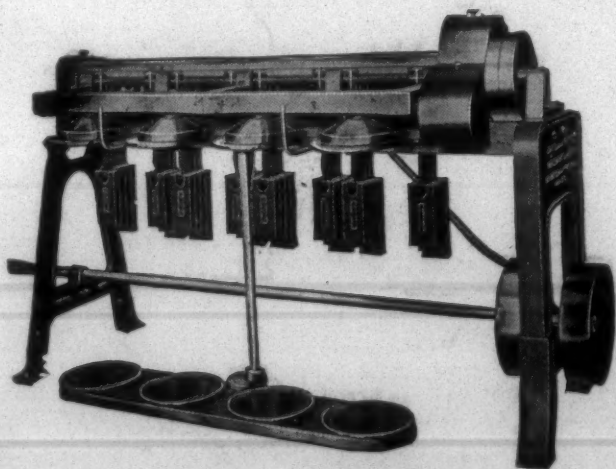
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